

660600-10250200

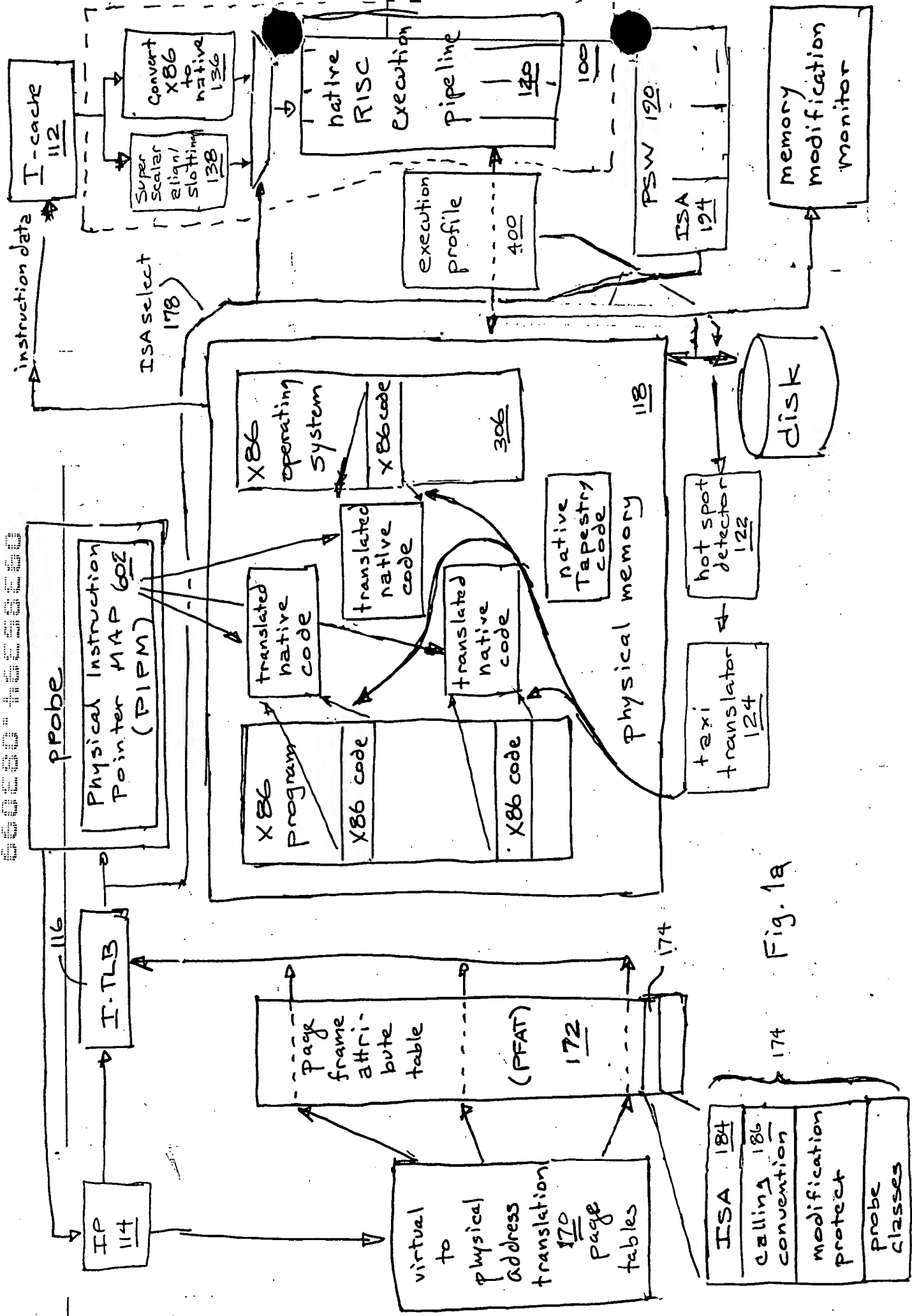


Fig. 1A

660630-465360

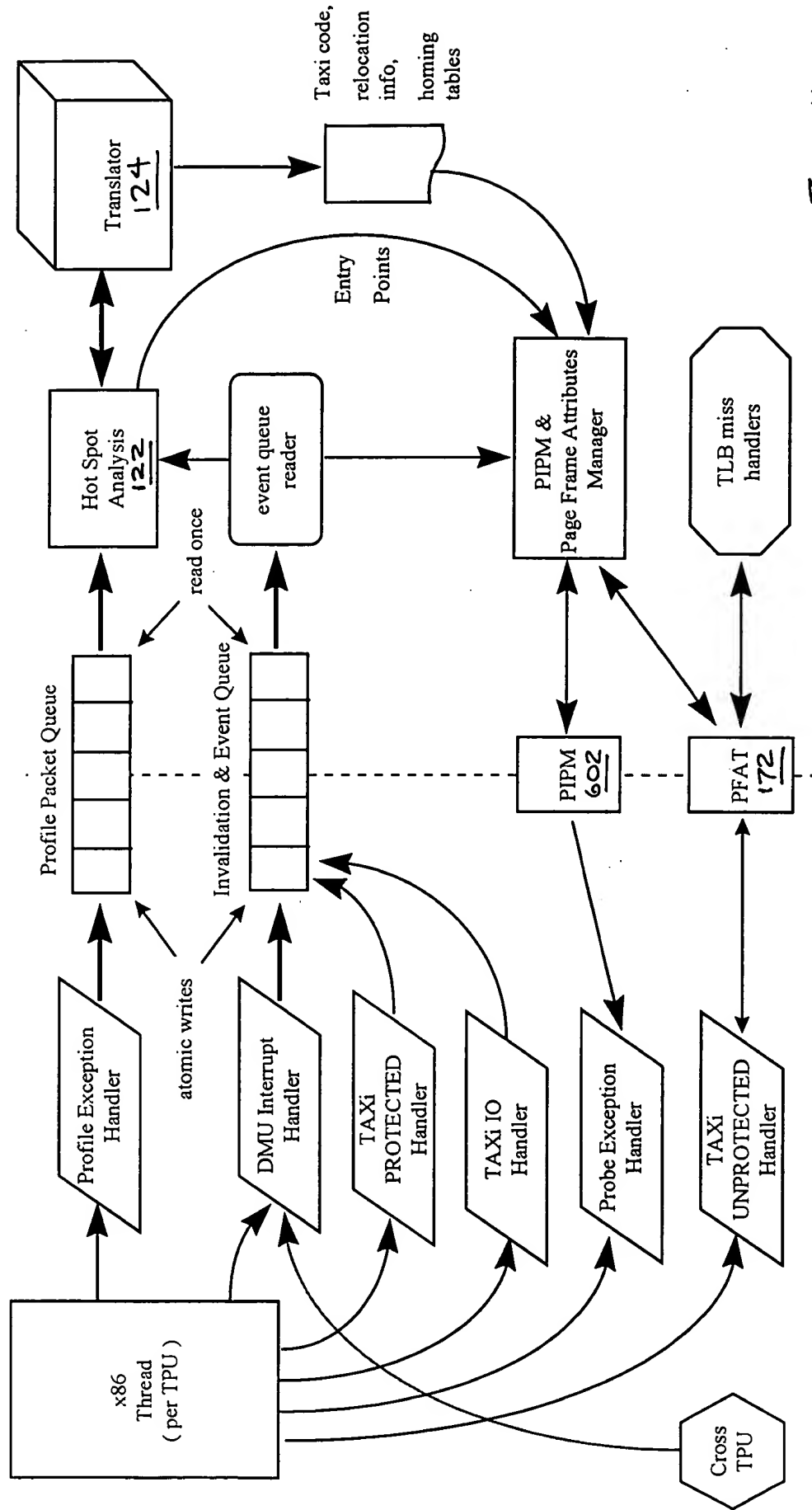
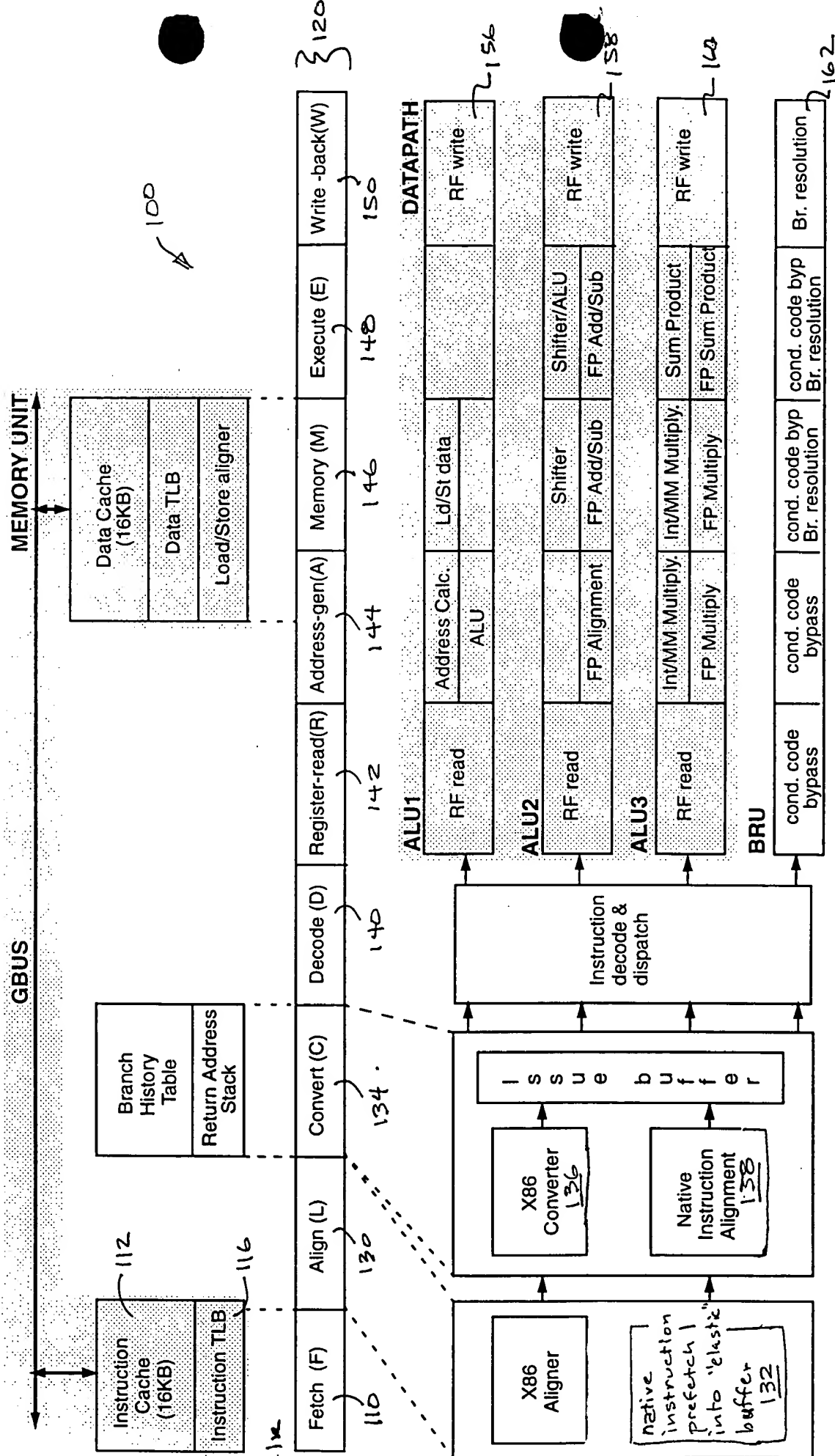


Fig. 1b

Fig. 1c



22-141 50 SHEETS  
22-142 100 SHEETS  
22-144 200 SHEETS



66000-465000

Logical Address  
Segment    offset

X86  
segment  
translation

Linear Address  
or  
Virtual Address

170

174

TLB

PFAT  
172

174

Physical  
Memory

176

176

118

624

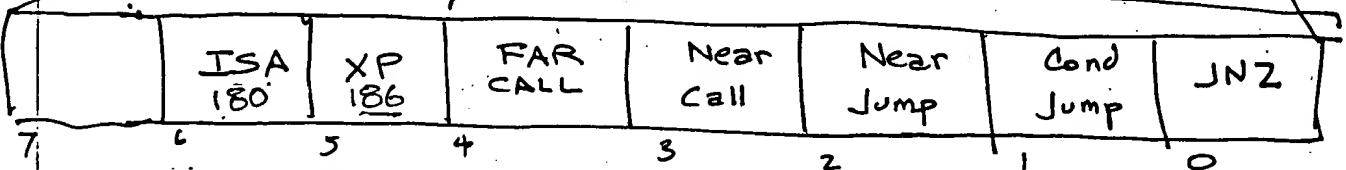
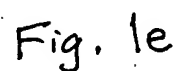


Fig. 1d - Memory Mapping



I-TLB property bits	Decoded property values			Interpretation	Instructions sent to:	Collect profile trace-packets?	Probe for translated code	I/O memory reference exceptions
	ISA 194	CC 200	Protected					
00	Tap	Tap	no	Native code observing native RISCy calling conventions	Native decoder	No	No	Fault if SEG.tio
01	Tap	x86	no	Native code observing x86 calling conventions	Native decoder	No	No	Fault if SEG.tio
10	x86	x86	no	x86 code, unprotected - TAX! profile collection only	x86HW converter	If enabled	No	Trap if profiling
11	x86	x86	yes	x86 code, protected - TAX! code may be available	x86HW converter	If enabled	Based on I-TLB probe attributes	Trap if profiling

Fig. 2a Significance of the I-TLB property bits

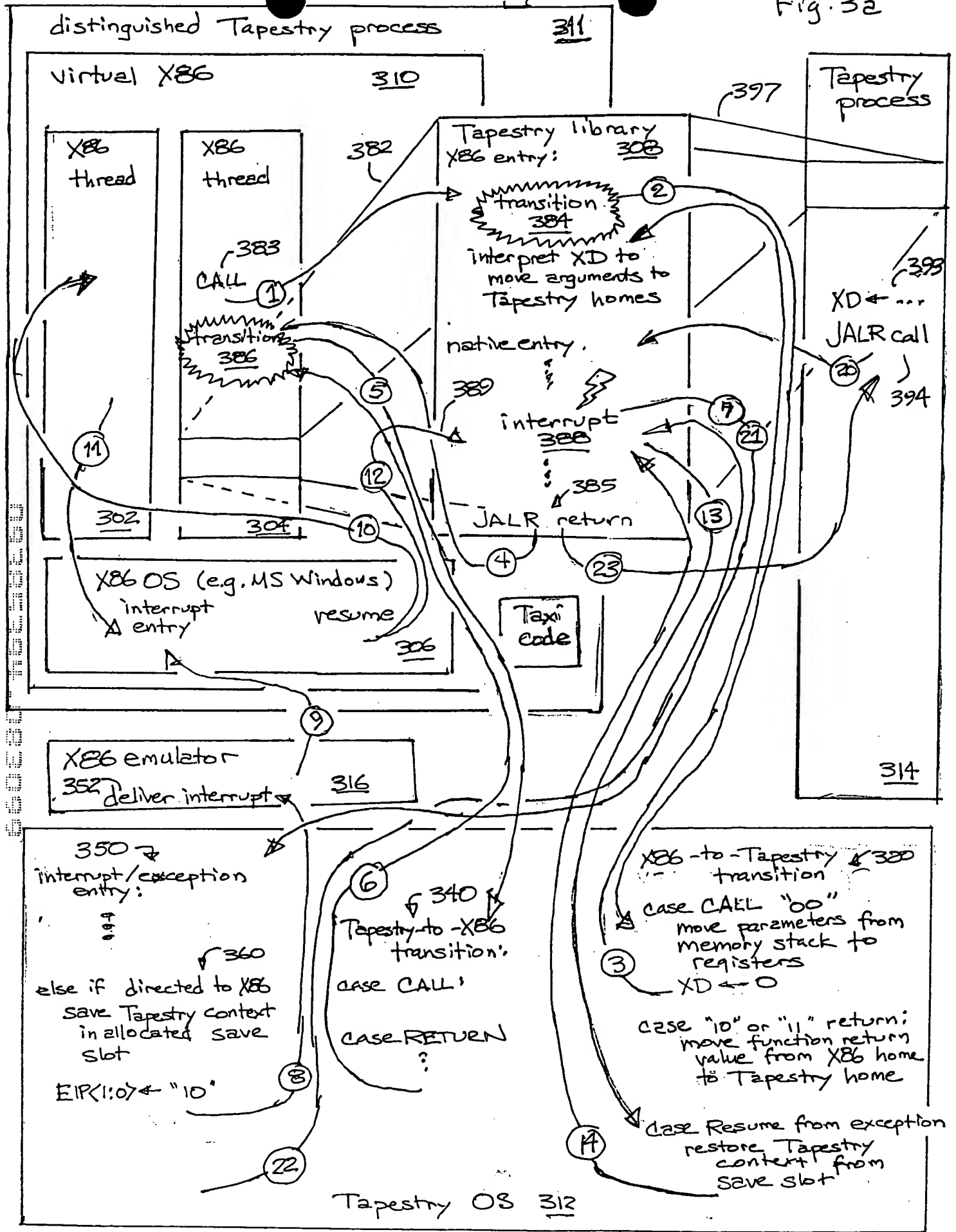
Transition ( source => dest ) ISA & CC property values	Handler Action
00 => 00	No transition exception
00 => 01	VECT_xxx_X86_CC exception - handler converts from native to x86 conventions
00 => 1x	VECT_xxx_X86_CC exception - handler converts from native to x86 conventions, sets up expected emulator and profiling state
01 => 00	VECT_xxx_TAP_CC exception - handler converts from x86 to native conventions
01 => 01	No transition exception
01 => 1x	VECT_X86_ISA exception [conditional based on PCW.X86_ISA_ENABLE flag] - sets up expected emulator and profiling state
1x => 00	VECT_xxx_TAP_CC exception - handler converts from x86 to native conventions
1x => 01	VECT_TAP_ISA exception [conditional based PCW.TAP_ISA_ENABLE flag] - no convention conversion necessary
1x => 10	No transition exception - [profile complete possible, probe possible]
1x => 11	No transition exception - [profile complete possible, probe NOT possible]

Fig. 2b ISA & CC transition exception flow

name	description	type
VECT_call_X86_CC	push args, return address, set up x86 state	fault on target instruction
VECT_jump_X86_CC	set up x86 state	fault on target instruction
VECT_ret_no_fp_X86_CC	return value to eax:edx, set up x86 state	fault on target instruction
VECT_ret_fp_X86_CC	return value to x86 fp stack, set up x86 state	fault on target instruction
VECT_call_TAP_CC	x86 stack args, return address to registers	fault on target instruction
VECT_jump_TAP_CC	x86 stack args to registers	fault on target instruction
VECT_ret_no_fp_TAP_CC	return value to RV0	fault on target instruction
VECT_ret_any_TAP_CC	return type unknown, setup RV0 and RVDP	fault on target instruction

Fig. 2c CC transition exceptions

Fig. 32



## Flat 32-bit "Near" Address Space

### Transparency:

- . x86 code adheres to traditional x86 stack-based conventions
- . RISC uses higher performance register-based conventions
- . Caller has no knowledge of callee's ISA
- . Callee has no knowledge of ISA to which it will return

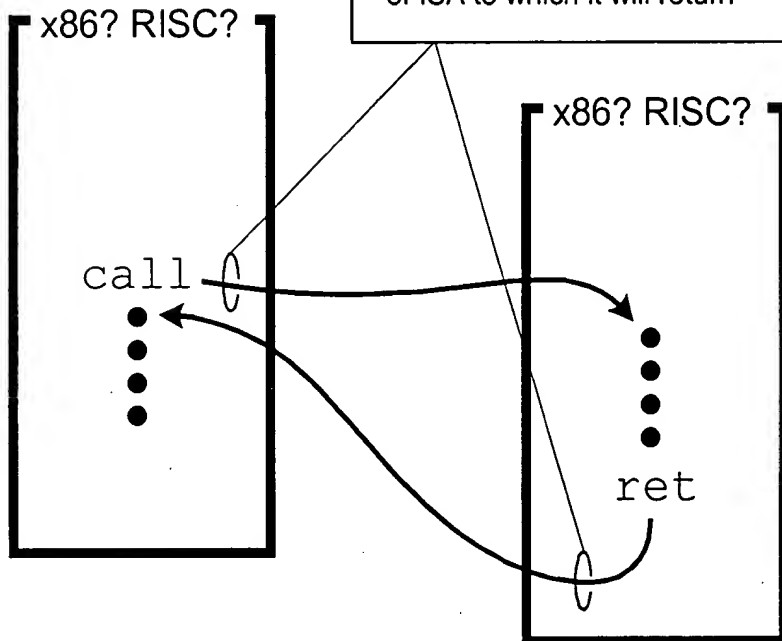


Fig. 3b



# Flat 32-bit "Near" Address Space

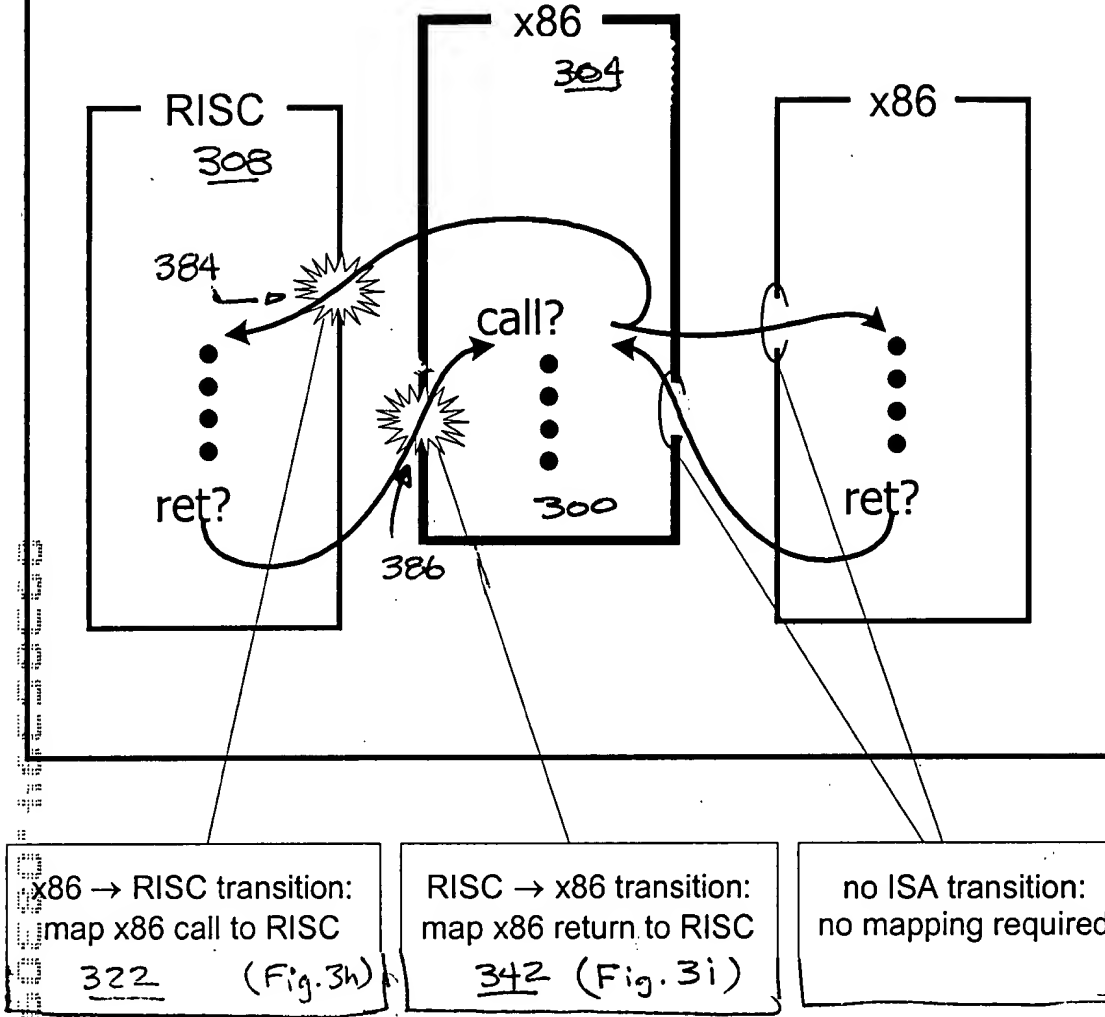


Fig. 3c

# Flat 32-bit "Near" Address Space

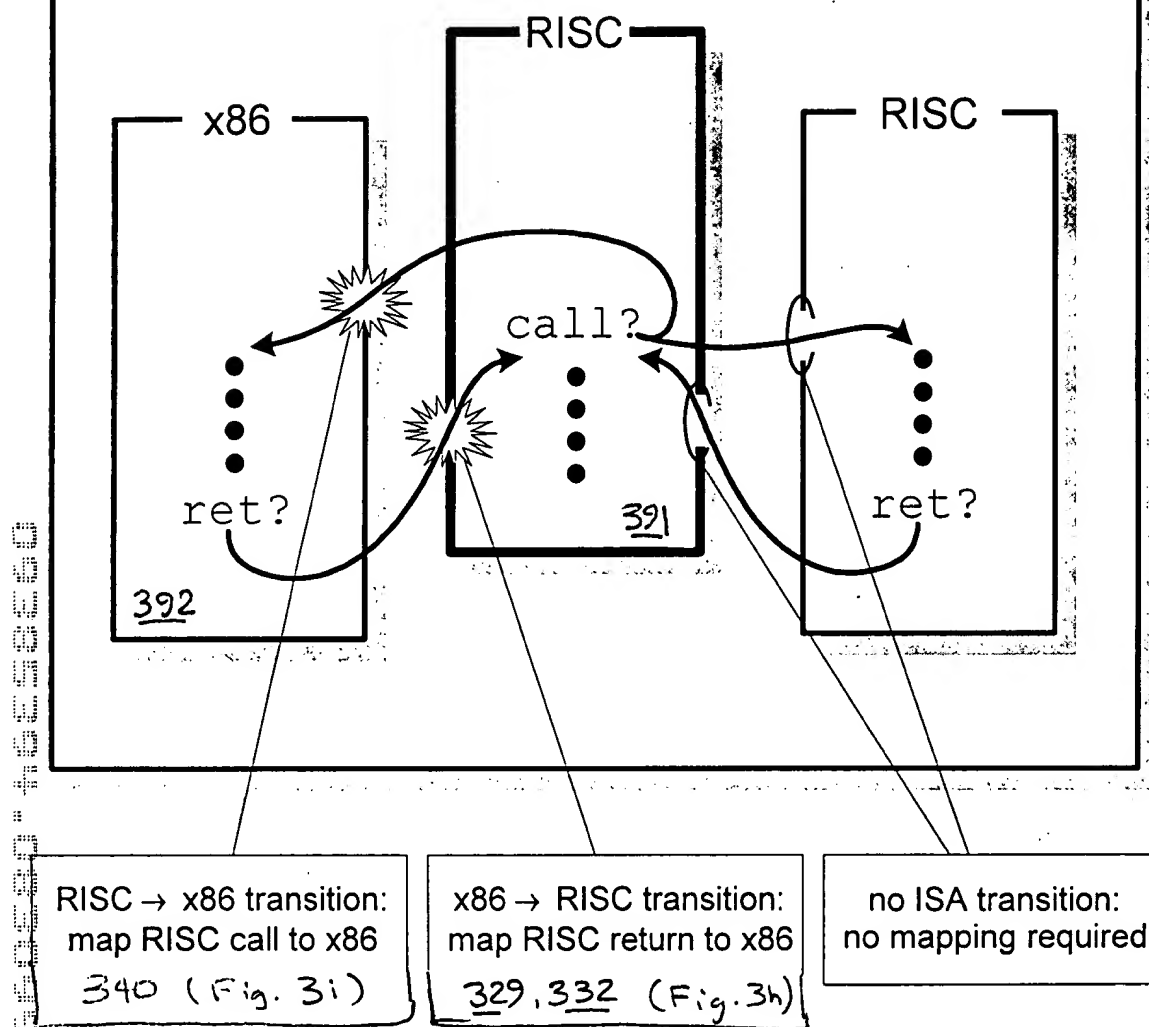
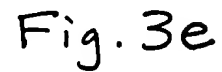


Fig. 3d

[illegible]

# Flat 32-bit "Near" Address Space

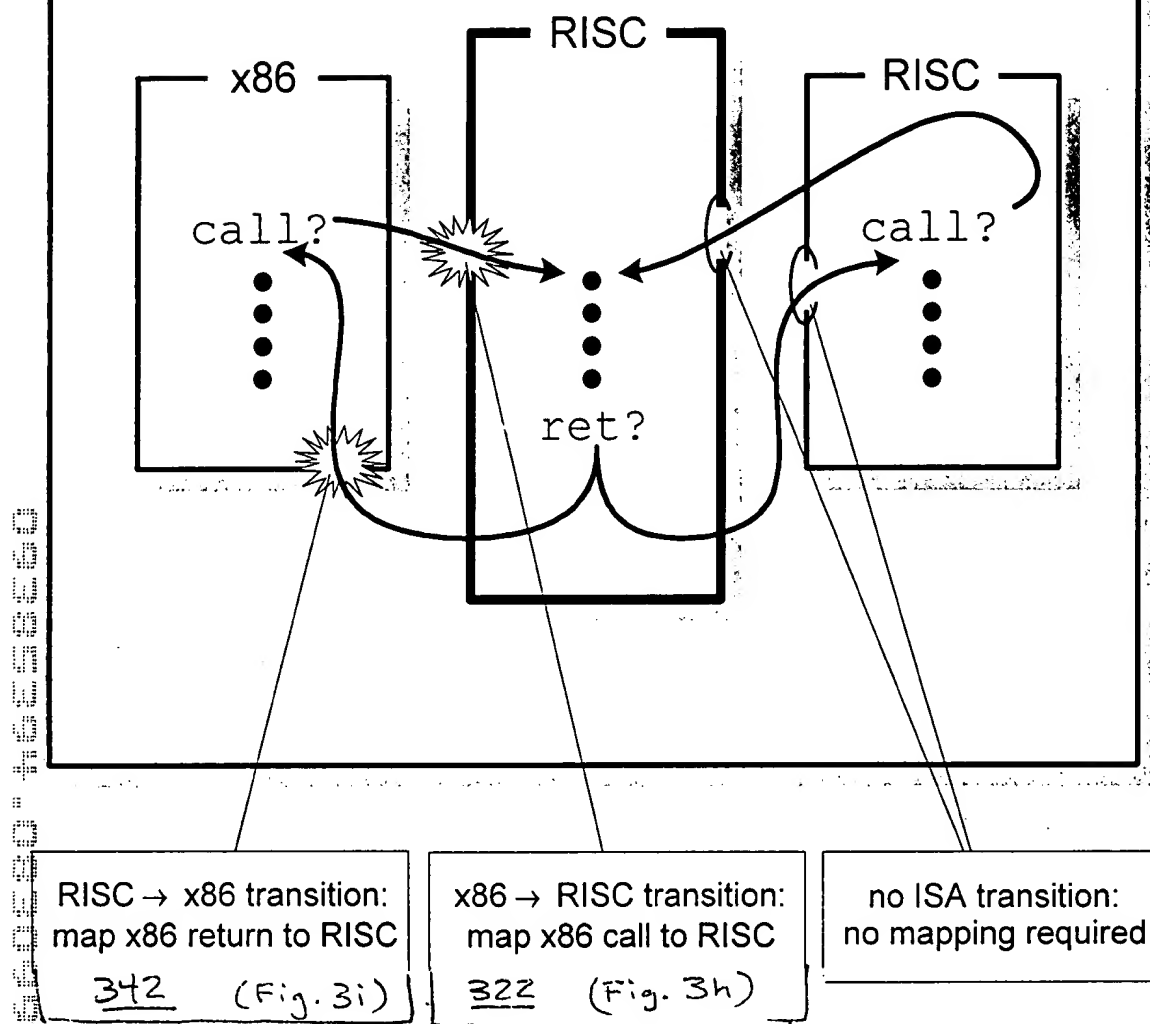


Fig. 3f

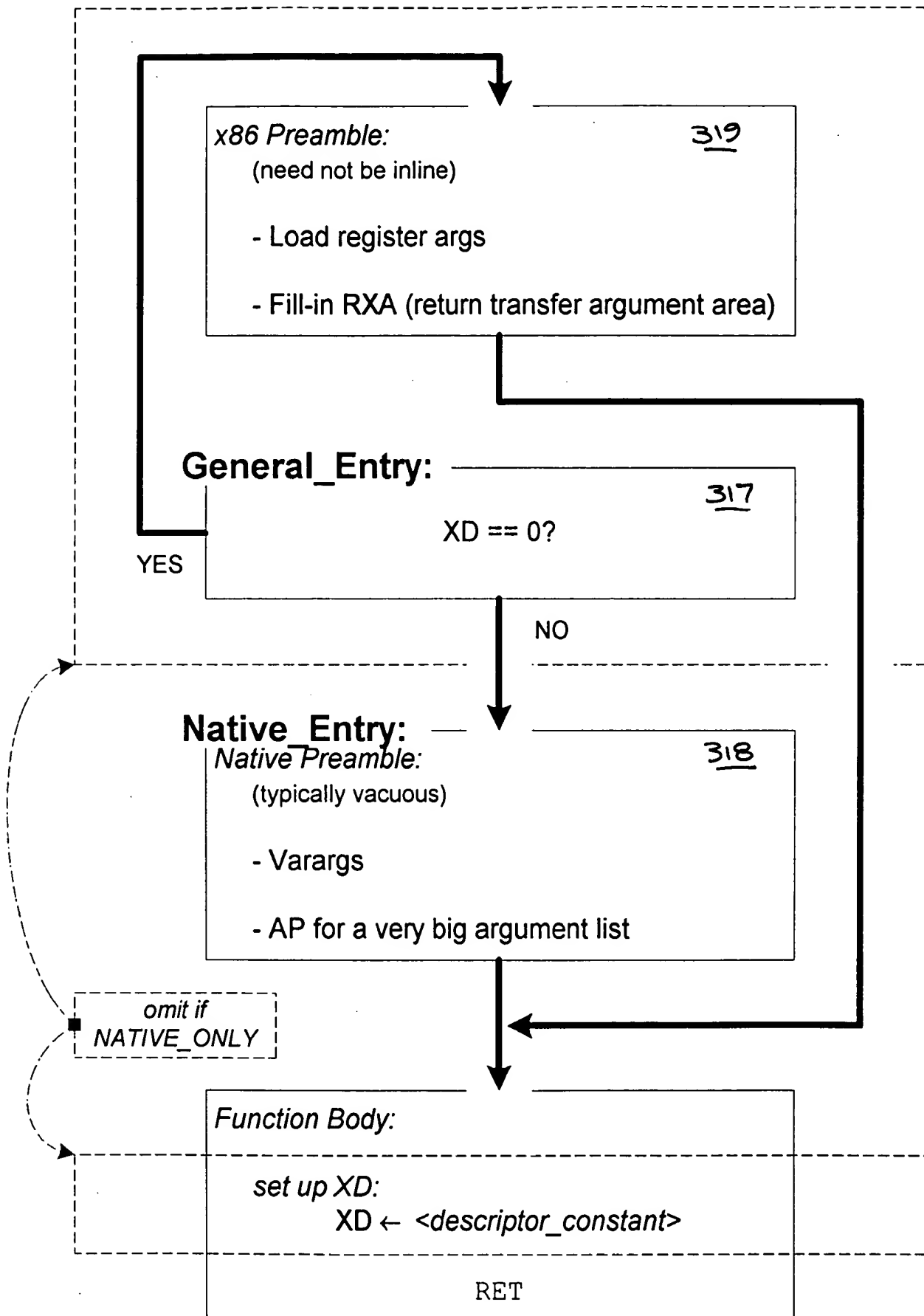


Fig. 3g

## X86-to-Tapestry transition exception handler

// This handler is entered under the following conditions:

- // 1. An x86 caller invokes a native function
- // 2. An x86 function returns to a native caller
- // 3. x86 software returns to or resumes an interrupted native function following
- // an external asynchronous interrupt, a processor exception, or a context switch

dispatch on the two least-significant bits of the destination address {  
 case "00" // calling a native subprogram

// copy linkage and stack frame information and call parameters from the memory  
 // stack to the analogous Tapestry registers

LR ← [SP++] // set up linkage register ~ 323

AP ← SP // address of first argument ~ 324

SP ← SP - 8 // allocate return transfer argument area ~ 326

SP ← SP & (-32) // round the stack pointer down to a 0 mode 32 boundary ~ 327

XD ← 0 // inform callee that caller uses X86 calling conventions ~ 328

case "01" // resuming an X86 thread suspended during execution of a native routine

if the redundant copies of the save slot number in EAX and EDX do not match or if  
 the redundant copies of the timestamp in EBX:ECX and ESI:EDI do not match { 371

// some form of bug or thread corruption has been detected

goto TAPESTRY\_CRASH\_SYSTEM( thread-corruption-error-code ) ~ 372

} save the EBX:ECX timestamp in a 64-bit exception handler temporary register { 373  
 (this will not be overwritten during restoration of the full native context)

use save slot number in EAX to locate actual save slot storage ~ 374

restore full entire native context (includes new values for all x86 registers) ~ 375

if save slot's timestamp does not match the saved timestamp { ~ 376

// save slot as been reallocated; save slot exhaustion has been detected  
 goto TAPESTRY\_CRASH\_SYSTEM( save-slot-overwritten-error-code ) ~ 377

} free the save slot ~ 378

case "10" // returning from X86 callee to native caller, result already in registers

RV0<63:32> ← edx<31:00> // in case result is 64 bits ~ 333

convert the FP top-of-stack value from 80 bit X86 form to 64-bit form in RVDP ~ 334

SP ← ESI // restore SP from time of call ~ 337

case "11" // returning from X86 callee to native caller, load large result from memory

RV0..RV3 ← load 32 bytes from [ESI-32] // (guaranteed naturally aligned) ~ 330

SP ← ESI // restore SP from time of call ~ 337

} EPC ← EPC & -4 // reset the two low-order bits to zero ~ 336

RFE ~ 338

Fig. 3h

# **Tapestry-to-X86 transition exception handler**

// This handler is entered under the following conditions:

- // 1. a native caller invokes an x86 function
- // 2. a native function returns to an x86 caller

switch on XD<3:0> { ~ 341

XD\_RET\_FP: // result type is floating point  
 F0/F1 ← FINFLATE.de( RVDP ) // X86 FP results are 80 bits  
 SP ← from RXA save // discard RXA, pad, args  
 FPCW ← image after FINIT & push // FP stack has 1 entry  
 goto EXIT

XD\_RET\_WRITEBACK: // store result to @RVA, leave RVA in eax  
 RVA ← from RXA save // address of result area  
 copy decode(XD<8:4>) bytes from RV0..RV3 to [RVA]  
 eax ← RVA // X86 expects RVA in eax  
 SP ← from RXA save // discard RXA, pad, args  
 FPCW ← image after FINIT // FP stack is empty  
 goto EXIT

XD\_RET\_SCALAR: // result in eax:eda  
 edx<31:00> ← eax<63:32> // in case result is 64 bits  
 SP ← from RXA save // discard RXA, pad, args  
 FPCW ← image after FINIT // FP stack is empty  
 goto EXIT

XD\_CALL\_HIDDEN\_TEMP: // allocate 32 byte aligned hidden temp  
 esi ← SP // stack cut back on return ~ 343  
 SP ← SP - 32 // allocate max size temp } 344  
 RVA ← SP // RVA consumed later by RR  
 LR<1:0> ← "11" // flag address for return & reload ~ 345  
 goto CALL\_COMMON

default: // remaining XD\_CALL\_xxx encodings  
 esi ← SP // stack cut back on return ~ 343  
 LR<1:0> ← "10" // flag address for return ~ 346

CALL\_COMMON:  
 interpret XD to push and/or reposition args ~ 347  
 [--SP] ← LR // push LR as return address

EXIT:  
 setup emulator context and profiling ring buffer pointer

} RFE ~ 349 // to original target

Fig. 3i

### interrupt/exception handler of Tapestry operating system:

350 ↗

```
// Control vectors here when a synchronous exception or asynchronous interrupt is to be
// exported to / manifested in an x86 machine.

// The interrupt is directed to something within the virtual X86, and thus there is a possibility
// that the X86 operating system will context switch. So we need to distinguish two cases:
// either the running process has only X86 state that is relevant to save, or
// there is extended state that must be saved and associated with the current machine context
// (e.g., extended state in a Tapestry library call in behalf of a process managed by X86 OS)
if execution was interrupted in the converter – EPC.ISA == X86 {
    // no dependence on extended/native state possible hence no need to save any
    goto EM86_Deliver_Interrupt( interrupt-byte )
} else if EPC.Taxi_Active {
    // A Taxi translated version of some X86 code was running. Taxi will rollback to an
    // x86 instruction boundary. Then, if the rollback was induced by an asynchronous external
    // interrupt Taxi will deliver the appropriate x86 interrupt. Else, the rollback was induced
    // by a synchronous event so Taxi will resume execution in the converter, retriggering the
    // exception but this time will EPC.ISA == X86
    goto TAXi_Rollback( asynchronous-flag, interrupt-byte )
} else if EPC.EM86 {
    // The emulator has been interrupted. In theory the emulator is coded to allow for such
    // conditions and permits re-entry during long running routines (e.g. far call through a gate)
    // to deliver external interrupts
    goto EM86_Deliver_Interrupt( interrupt-byte )
} else {
    // This is the most difficult case – the machine was executing native Tapestry code on
    // behalf of an X86 thread. The X86 operating system may context switch. We must save
    // all native state and be able to locate it again when the x86 thread is resumed.

    allocate a free save slot; if unavailable free the save slot with oldest timestamp and try again
    save the entire native state (both the X86 and the extended state)
    save the X86 EIP in the save slot
    overwrite the two low-order bits of EPC with “01” (will become X86 interrupt EIP)
    store the 64-bit timestamp in the save slot, in the X86 EBX:ECX register pair (and,
        for further security, store a redundant copy in the X86 ESI:EDI register pair)
    store the a number of the allocated save slot in the X86 EAX register (and, again for
        further security, store a redundant copy in the X86 EDX register)
    goto EM86_Deliver_Interrupt( interrupt-byte )
}
```

351 }  
353 }  
354 }  
360 }  
361 }  
362 }  
363 }  
364 }  
365 }  
369 ~

350 ↗

Fig. 3j



```

typedef struct {
    save_slot_t * newer;           // pointer to next-most-recently-allocated save slot } 379c
    save_slot_t * older;          // pointer to next-older save slot
    unsigned int64 epc;            // saved exception PC/IP
    unsigned int64 pcw;            // saved exception PCW (program control word) } 356
    unsigned int64 registers[63]; // save the 63 writeable general registers
    ...                          // other words of Tapestry context
    timestamp_t timestamp;         // timestamp to detect buffer overrun ~ 358
    int save_slot_ID;              // ID number of the save slot ~ 357
    boolean save_slot_is_full;     // full / empty flag ~ 359
} save_slot_t;

```

```

save_slot_t * save_slot_head;    // pointer to the head of the queue ~ 379a
save_slot_t * save_slot_tail;    // pointer to the tail of the queue ~ 379b

```

#### system initialization

```

0 reserve several pages of unpagged memory for save slots
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
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10
11
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96
97
98
99

```

Fig. 3k

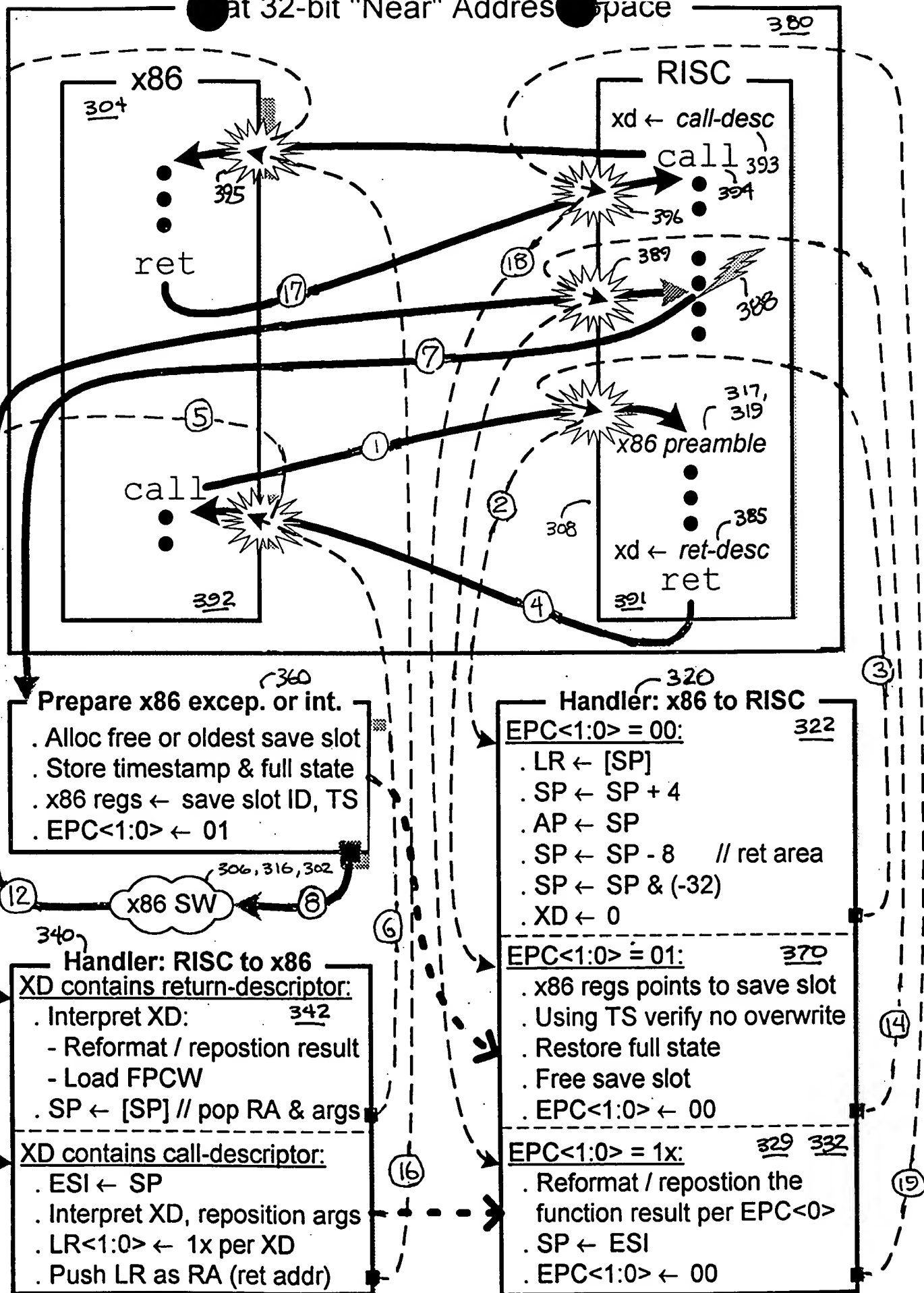


Fig. 31

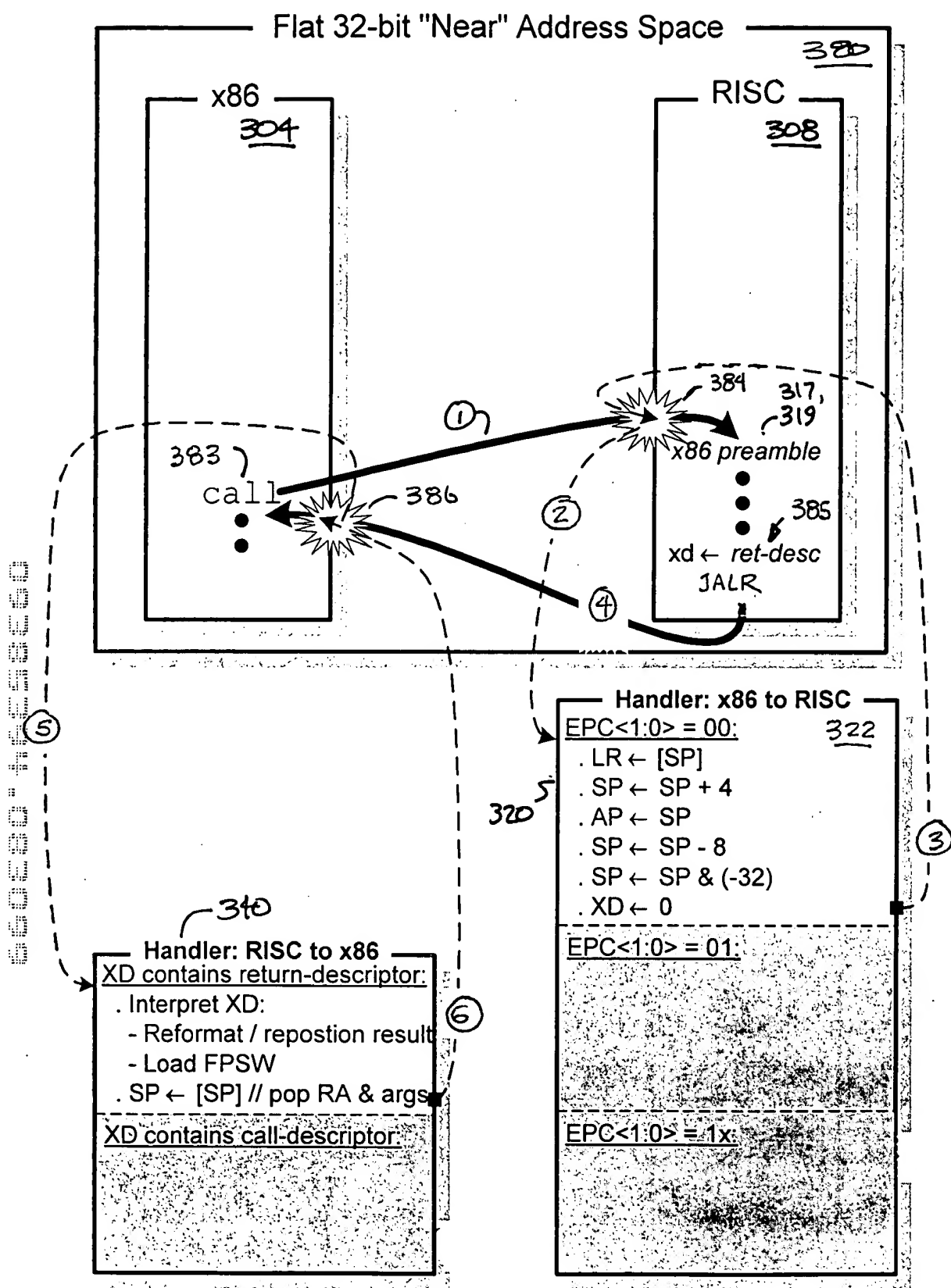


Fig. 3m



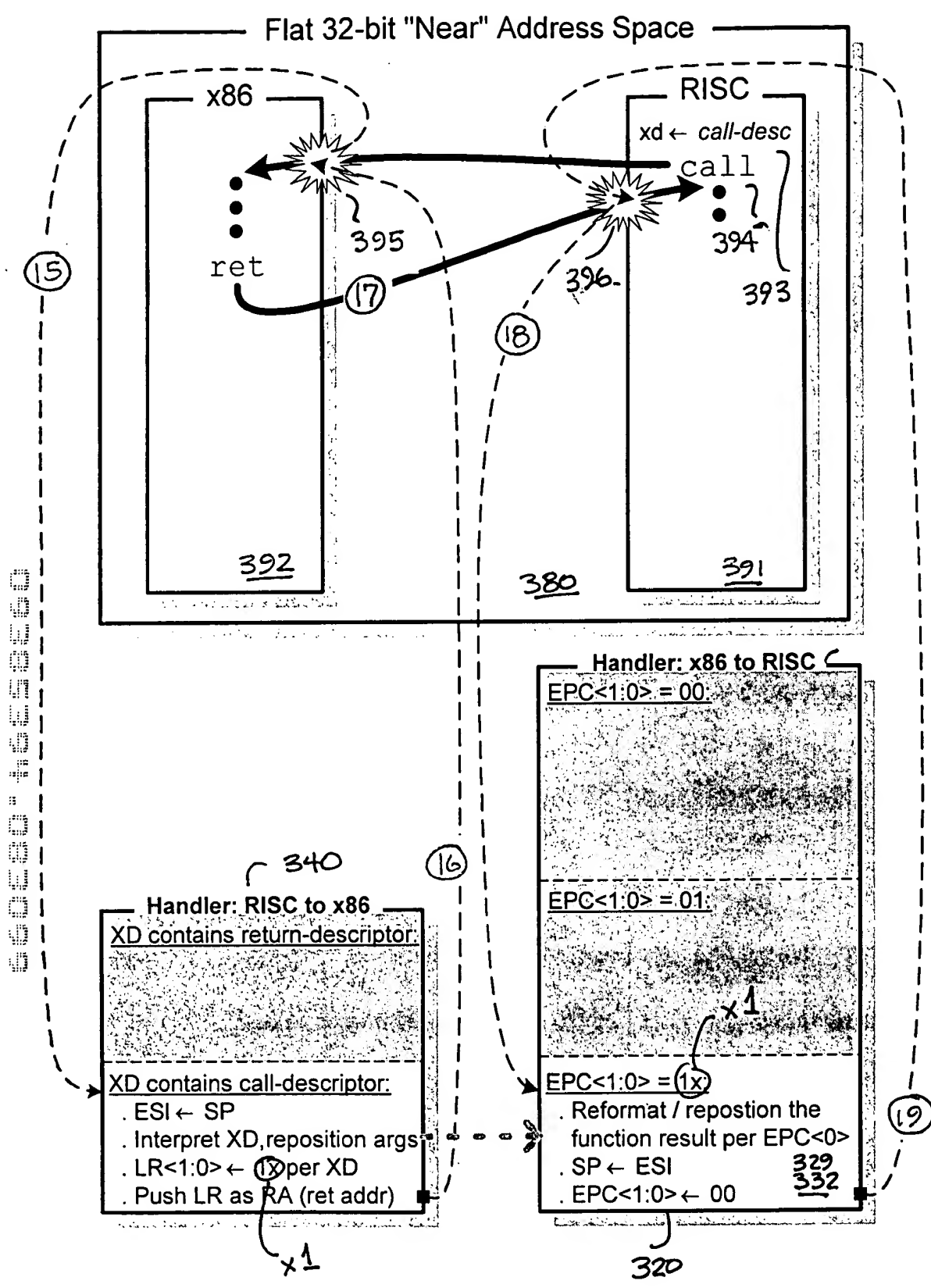
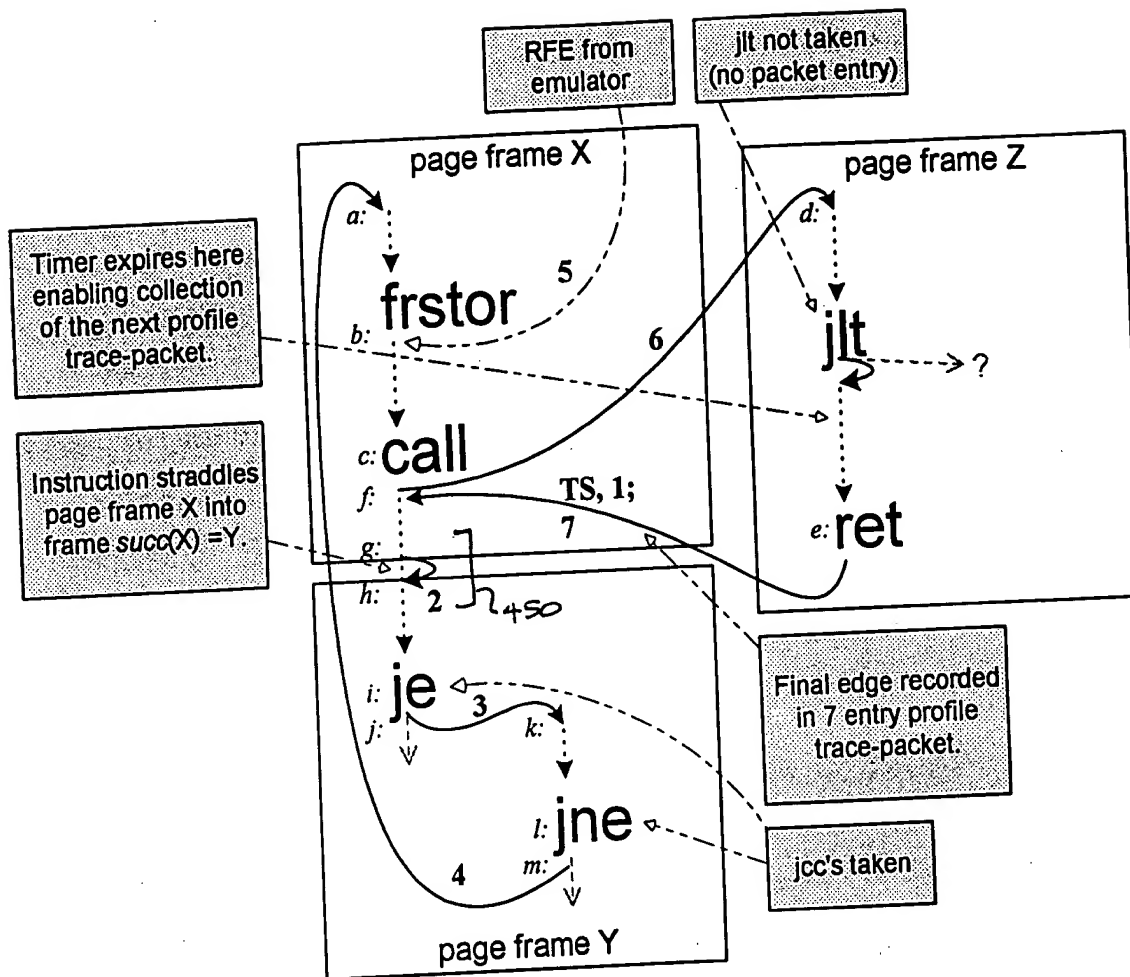


Fig. 30



7 entry trace packet

Entry	Event Code	Done Addr	Next Addr	
64 bit time stamp				
1	ret	x86 context	phys X:f	~ 430
2	new page	phys Y:g	phys Y:h	~ 440, 454
3	jcc forward	phys Y:i	phys Y:k	~ 440
4	jnz backward	phys Y:l	phys X:a	~ 440
5	seq; env change	x86 context	phys X:b	~ 430
6	ip-rel near call	phys X:c	phys Z:d	~ 440
7	near ret	phys Z:e	phys X:f	~ 440

Fig.42

412  
410  
404

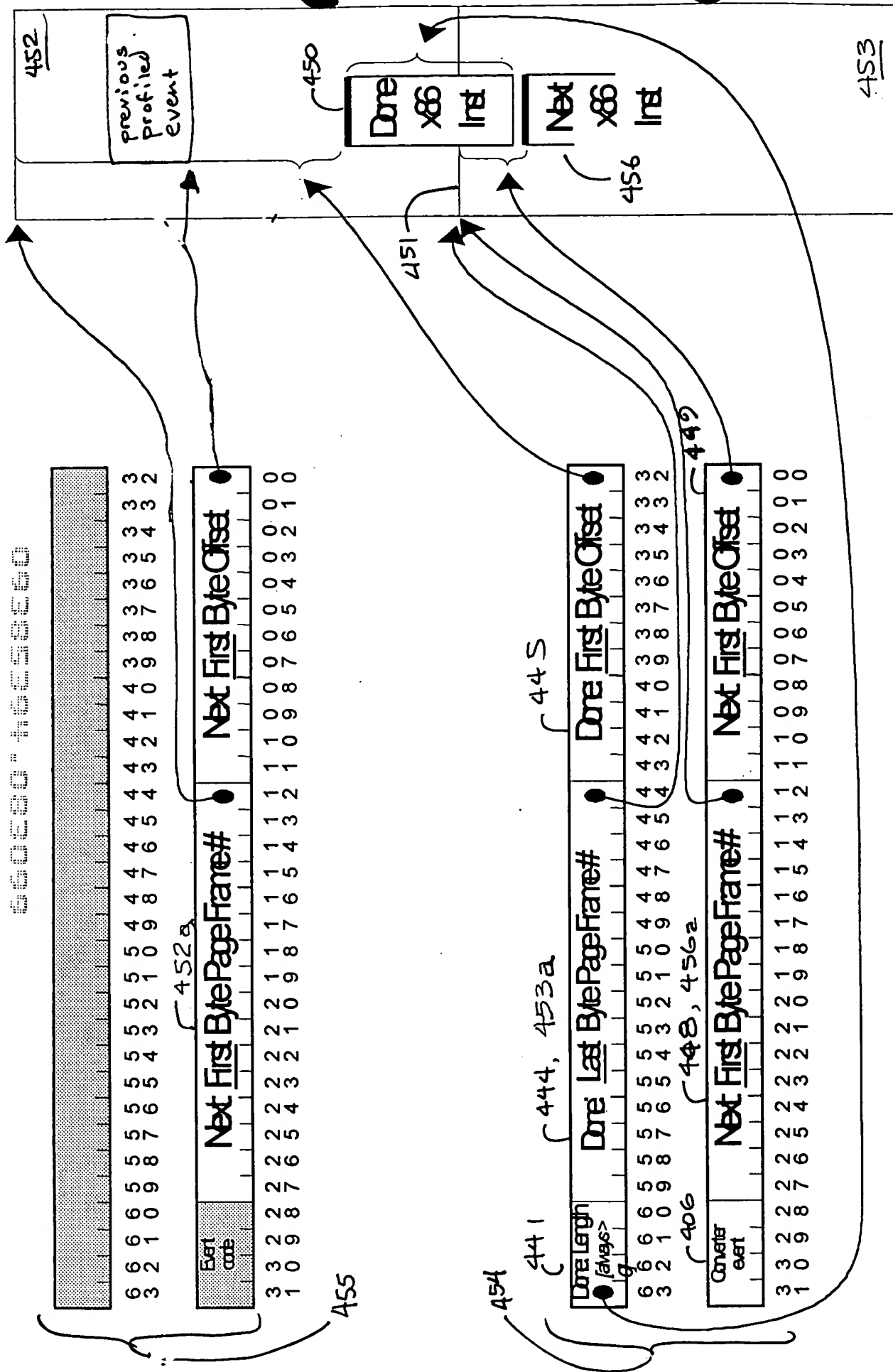
Source	Code	Event	Reuse event code	Profileable event	Initiate packet	Probeable event	Probe event bit - TLB probe attribute or Emulator probe
RFE (Context at Point entry)	0.0000	Default (x86 transparent) event, reuse all converter values	yes	no	no	no	reuse event code
	0.0001	Simple x86 instruction completion (reuse event code)	yes	no	no	no	
	0.0010	Probe exception failed	yes	no	no	no	
	0.0011	Probe exception failed, reload probe timer	yes	no	no	no	
	0.0100	flush event	no	no	no	no	-
	0.0101	Sequential; execution environment changed - force event	no	yes	no	no	-
	0.0110	Far RET	no	yes	yes	no	-
	0.0111	IRET	no	yes	no	no	-
	0.1000	Far CALL	no	yes	yes	yes	Far call
	0.1001	Far JMP	no	yes	yes	no	-
	0.1010	Special; emulator execution, supply extra instruction data <sup>a</sup>	no	yes	no	no	-
	0.1011	Abort profile collection	no	no	no	no	-
	0.1100	x86 synchronous/asynchronous interrupt w/probe (GRP 0)	no	yes	yes	yes	Emulator probe
	0.1101	x86 synchronous/asynchronous interrupt (GRP 0)	no	yes	yes	no	-
	0.1110	x86 synchronous/asynchronous interrupt w/probe (GRP 1)	no	yes	yes	yes	Emulator probe
	0.1111	x86 synchronous/asynchronous interrupt (GRP 1)	no	yes	yes	no	-
Converter (Near_Edge entry)	1.0000	IP-relative JNZ forward (opcode: 75, 0F 85)	no	yes	yes	no	-
	1.0001	IP-relative JNZ backward (opcode: 75, 0F 85)	no	yes	yes	yes	Jnz
	1.0010	IP-relative conditional jump forward - (Jcc, Jcxz, loop)	no	yes	yes	no	-
	1.0011	IP-relative conditional jump backward - (Jcc, Jcxz, loop)	no	yes	yes	yes	Cond jump
	1.0100	IP-relative, near JMP forward (opcode: E9, EB)	no	yes	yes	no	-
	1.0101	IP-relative, near JMP backward (opcode: E9, EB)	no	yes	yes	yes	Near jump
	1.0110	RET/ RET imm16 (opcode C3, C2 /w)	no	yes	yes	no	-
	1.0111	IP-relative, near CALL (opcode: E8)	no	yes	yes	yes	Near call
	1.1000	REPE/REPNE CMPS/SCAS (opcode: A6, A7, AE, AF)	no	yes	no	no	-
	1.1001	REP MOVS/STOS/LDOS (opcode: A4, A5, AA, AB, AC, AD)	no	yes	no	no	-
	1.1010	Indirect near JMP (opcode: FF /4)	no	yes	yes	no	-
	1.1011	Indirect near CALL (opcode: FF /2)	no	yes	yes	yes	Near call
	1.1100	load from I/O memory (TLB.asi != 0) { not used in T1 }	no	yes	no	no	-
	1.1101	available for expansion	no	no	no	no	
	1.1110	Default converter event; sequential	no	no	no	no	-
	1.1111	New page (instruction ends on last byte of a page frame or straddles across a page frame boundary)	no	yes	no	no	-

a. Used by emulator for new x86 opcodes. Extra information supplied in *Taxi\_Control.special\_opcode* bits.

Fig. 4b







$\frac{1}{2}$

660600-165350

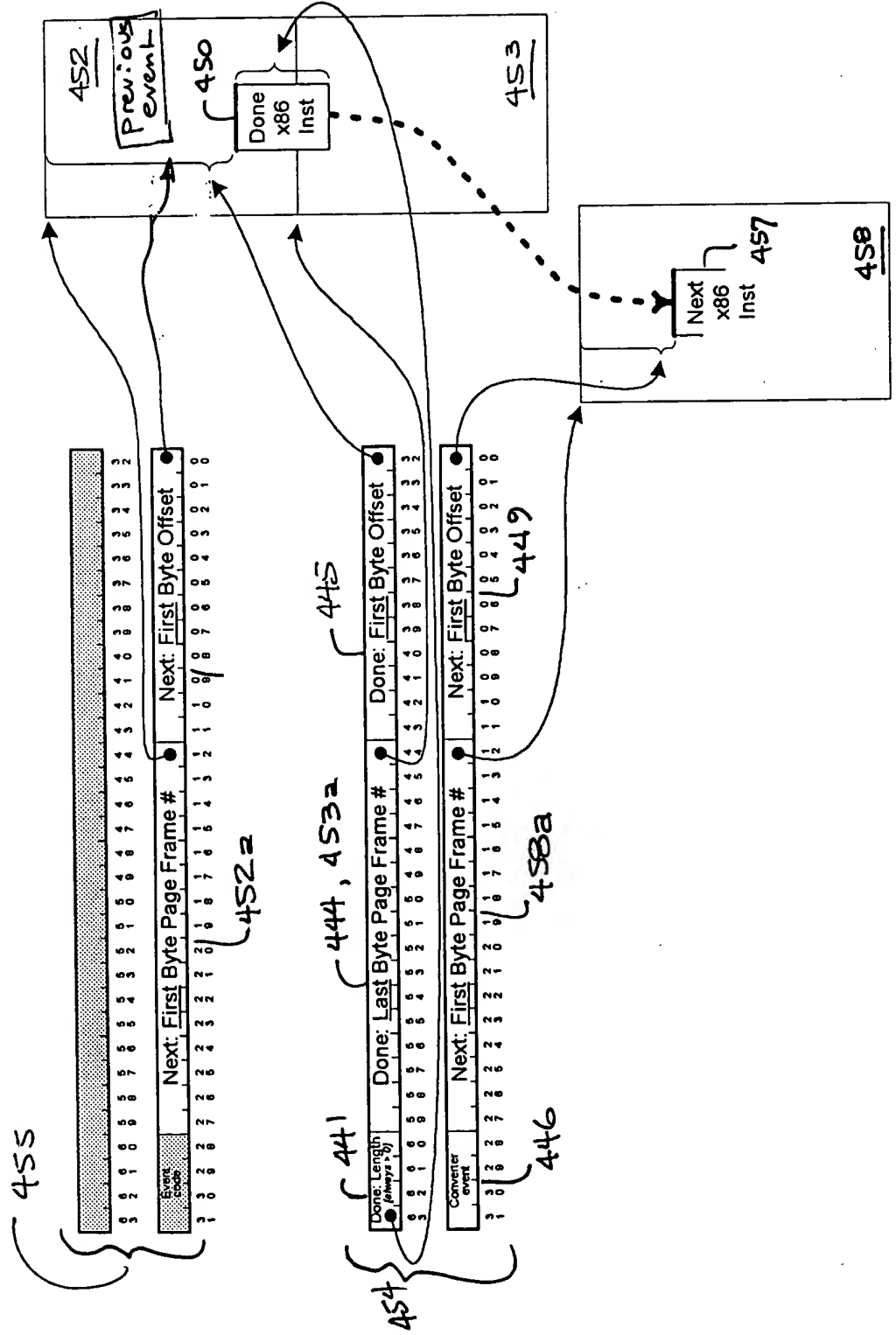
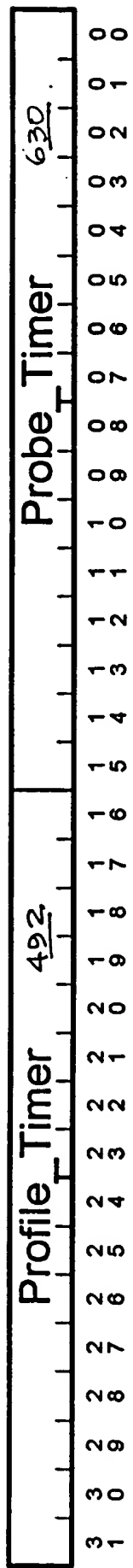
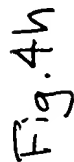
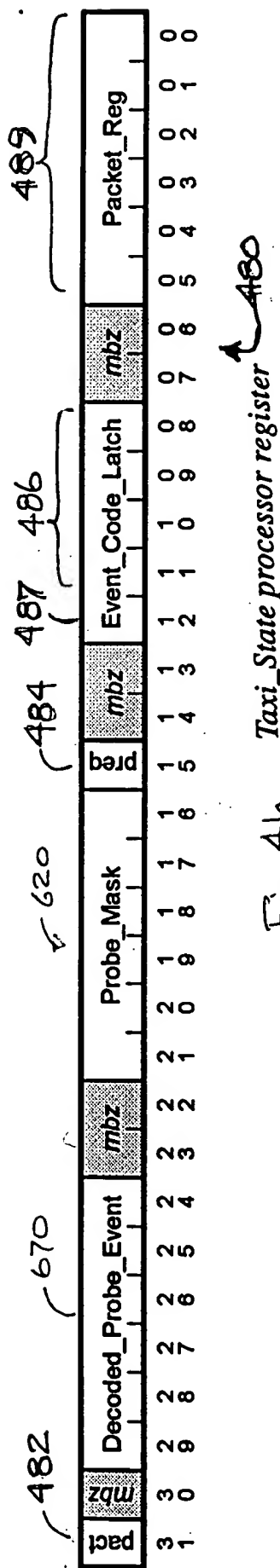
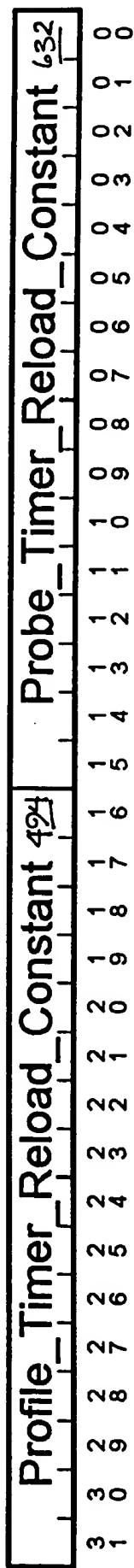
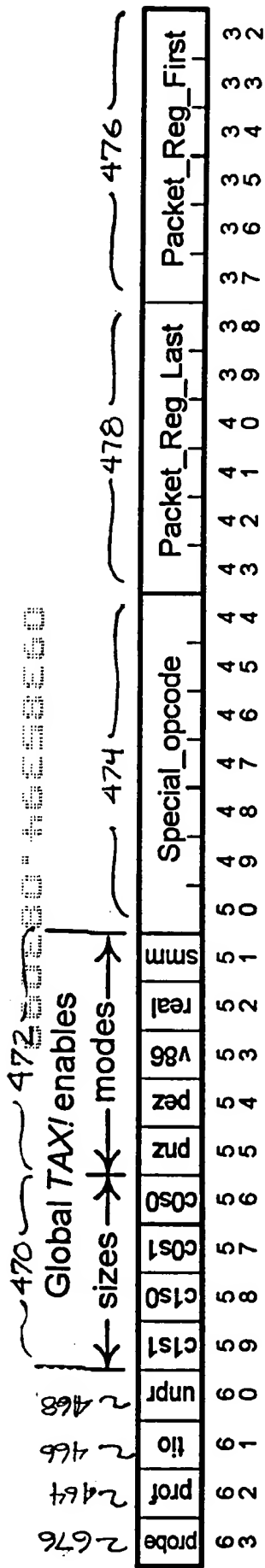


Fig. 4f



**Events**  
 $pe_{init}$  = "initiate packet" profile event 418  
 $pe_{\overline{init}}$  = non-"initiate packet" profile event 416  
 $pe$  = any profile event  
 $te$  = timer expiry  
 $ap$  = abort packet

**State Variables**  
 $PR$  = Profile\_Request flag 484  
 $PA$  = Profile\_Active flag 482

**Rules**  
 $te$  event  $\Rightarrow$   
 $PR \leftarrow 1$   
 $PR \& \overline{PA} \& pe_{init} \Rightarrow$   
 $PR \leftarrow 0$   
 $PA \leftarrow 1$   
 Init Packet\_Reg  
 Save timestamp  
 Log event (CAP)  
 Full packet? / Packet\_Reg++

$PA \& pe \Rightarrow$   
 Log event (CAP or NE)  
 Full packet? / Packet\_Reg++

full packet  $\Rightarrow$   
 $PA \leftarrow 0$   
 Profile exception

$ap$  event  $\Rightarrow$   
 $PA \leftarrow 0$

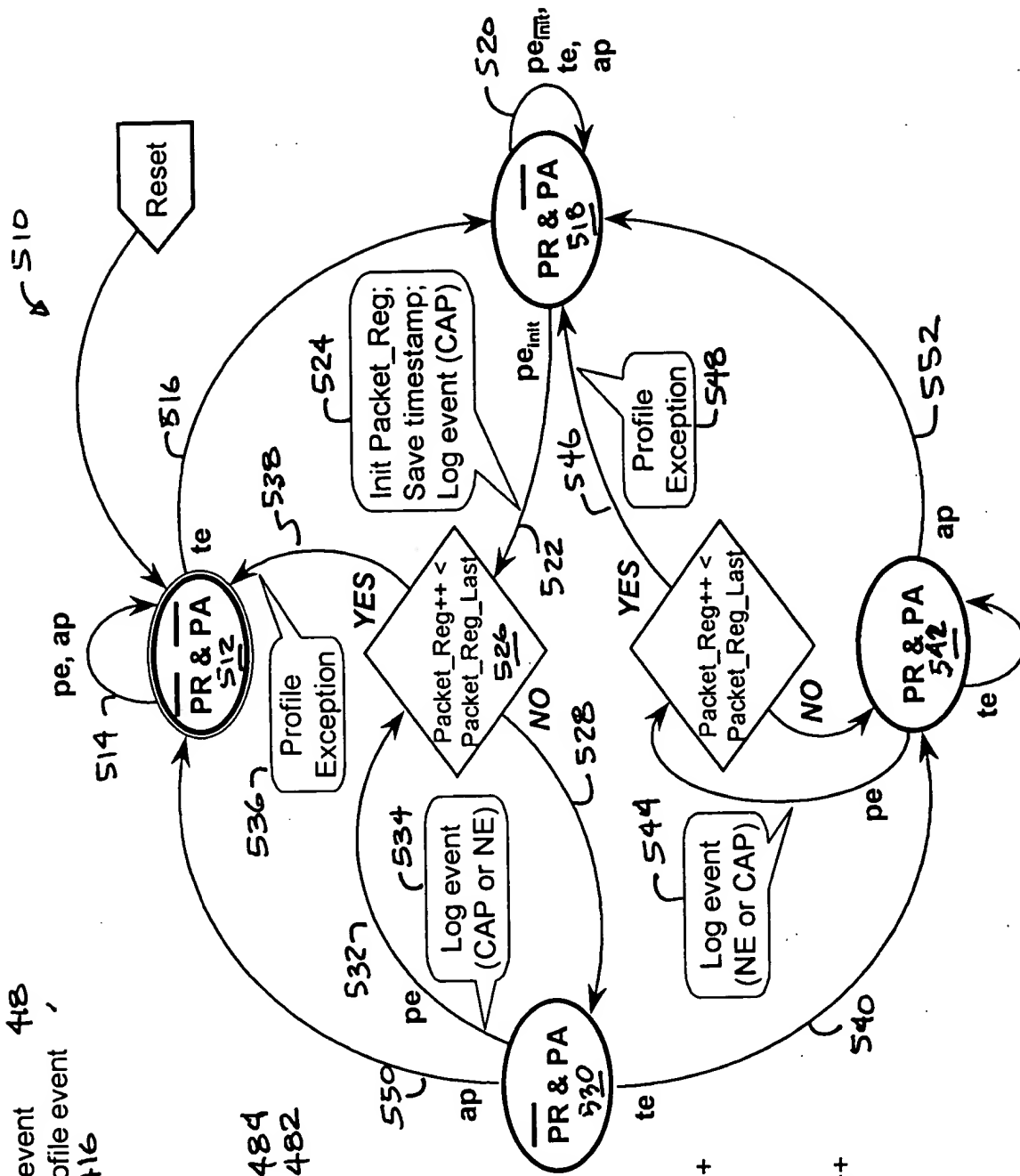


Fig. 5a

	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	2101	2102	2103	2104	2105	2106	2107	2108	2109	2110	2111	2112	2113	2114	2115	2116	2117	2118	2119	2120	2121	2122	2123	2124	2125	2126	2127	2128	2129	2130	2131	2132	2133	2134	2135	2136	2137	2138	2139	2140	2141	2142	2143	2144	2145	2146	2147	2148	2149	2150	2151	2152	2153	2154	2155	2156	2157	2158	2159	2160	2161	2162	2163	2164	2165	2166	2167	2168	2169	2170	2171	2172	2173	2174	2175	2176	2177	2178	2179	2180	2181	2182	2183	2184	2185	2186	2187	2188	2189	2190	2191	2192	2193	2194	2195	2196	2197	2198	2199	2200	2201	2202	2203	2204	2205	2206	2207	2208	2209	2210	2211	2212	2213	2214	2215	2216	2217	2218	2219	2220	2221	2222	2223	2224	2225	2226	2227	2228	2229	2230	2231	2232	2233	2234	2235	2236	2237	2238	2239	2240	2241	2242	2243	2244	2245	2246	2247	2248	2249	2250	2251	2252	2253	2254	2255	2256	2257	2258	2259	2260	2261	2262	2263	2264	2265	2266	2267	2268	2269	2270	2271	2272	2273	2274	2275	2276	2277	2278	2279	2280	2281	2282	2283	2284	2285	2286	2287	2288	2289	2290	2291	2292	2293	2294	2295	2296	2297	2298	2299	2300	2301	2302	2303	2304	2305	2306	2307	2308	2309	2310	2311	2312	2313	2314	2315	2316	2317	2318	2319	2320	2321	2322	2323	2324	2325	2326	2327	2328	2329	2330	2331	2332	2333	2334	2335	2336	2337	2338	2339	2340	2341	2342	2343	2344	2345	2346	2347	2348	2349	2350	2351	2352	2353	2354	2355	2356	2357	2358	2359	2360	2361	2362	2363	2364	2365	2366	2367	2368	2369	2370	2371	2372	2373	2374	2375	2376	2377	2378	2379	2380	2381	2382	2383	2384	2385	2386	2387	2388	2389	2390	2391	2392	2393	2394	2395	2396	2397	2398	2399	2400	2401	2402	2403	2404	2405	2406	2407	2408	2409	2410	2411	2412	2413	2414	2415	2416	2417	2418	2419	2420	2421	2422	2
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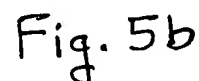


Fig. 5b



Event code from RFE restarting converter  
or mapping of converter's x86 opcode

RFE or previous converter cycle

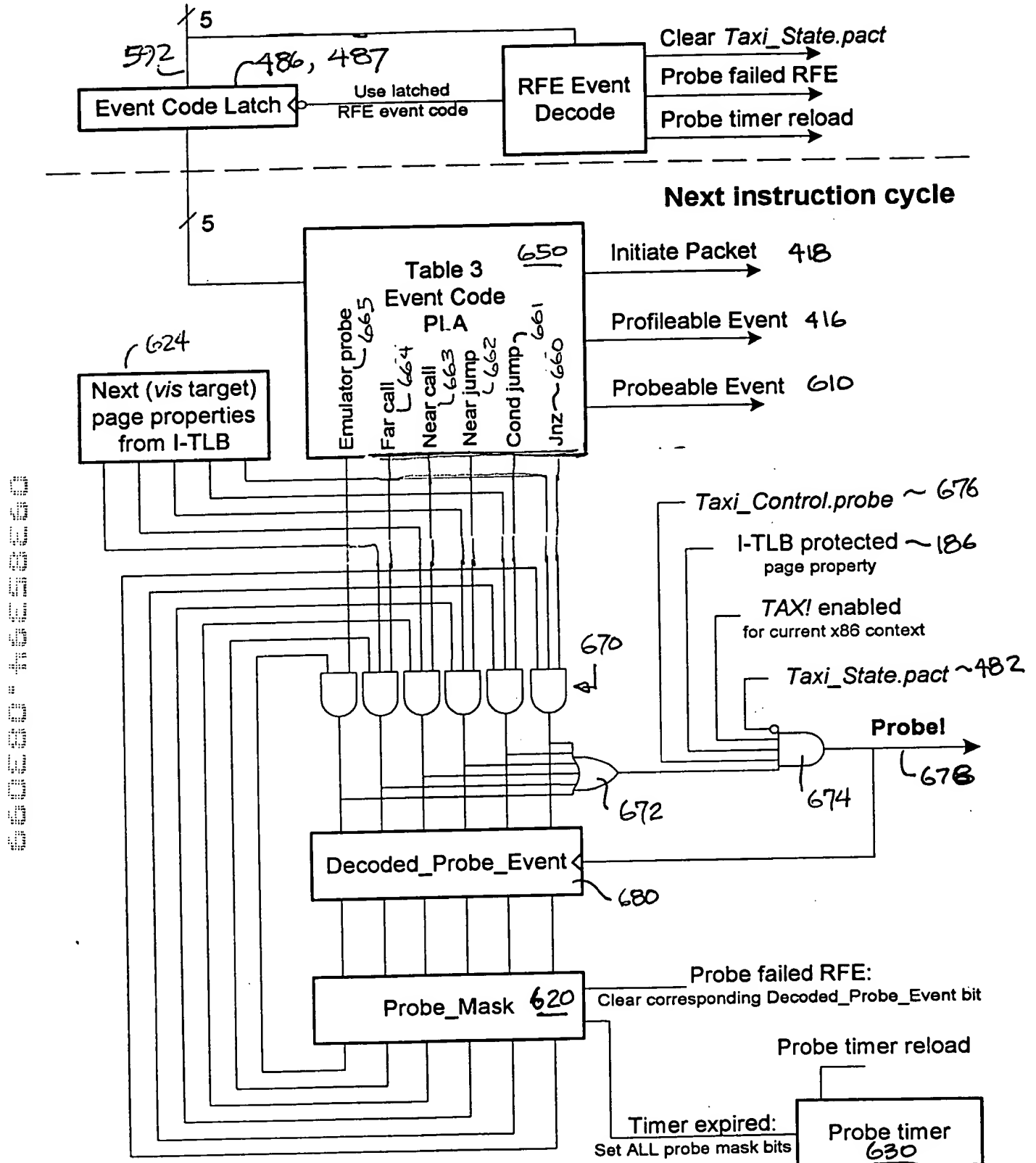


Fig. 6b

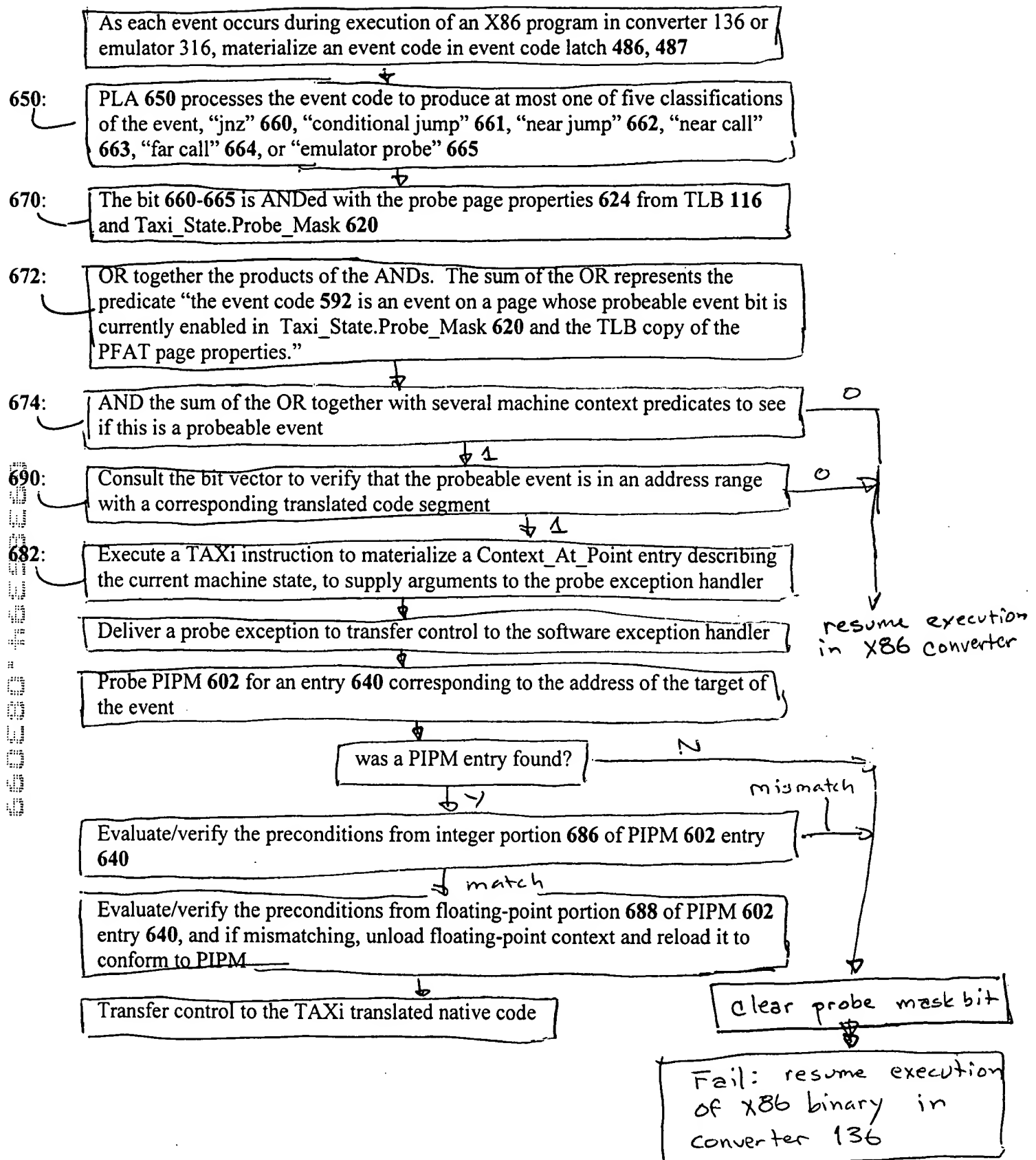


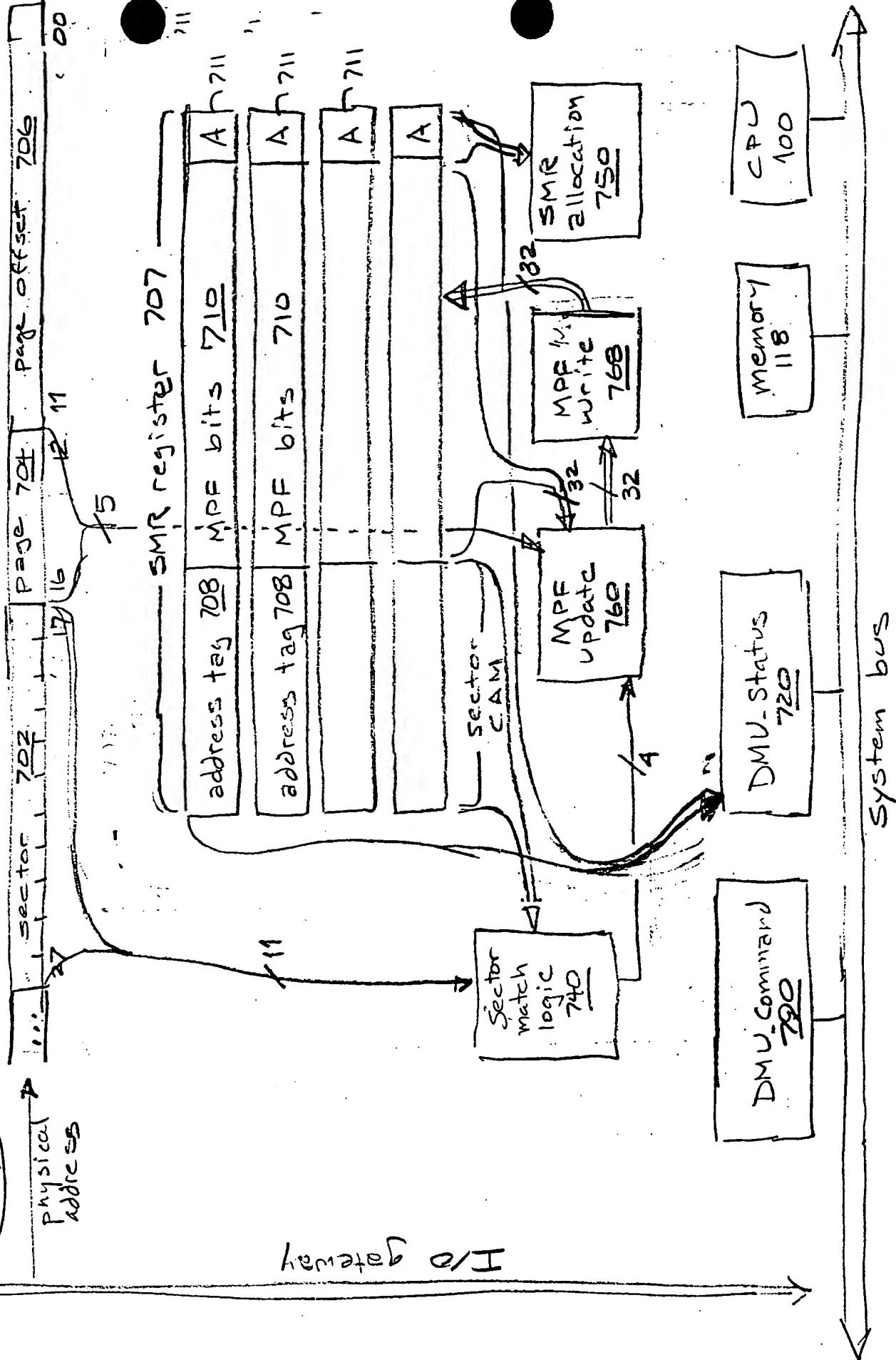
Fig. 6c



Physical address

I/O gateway

Fig. 7a



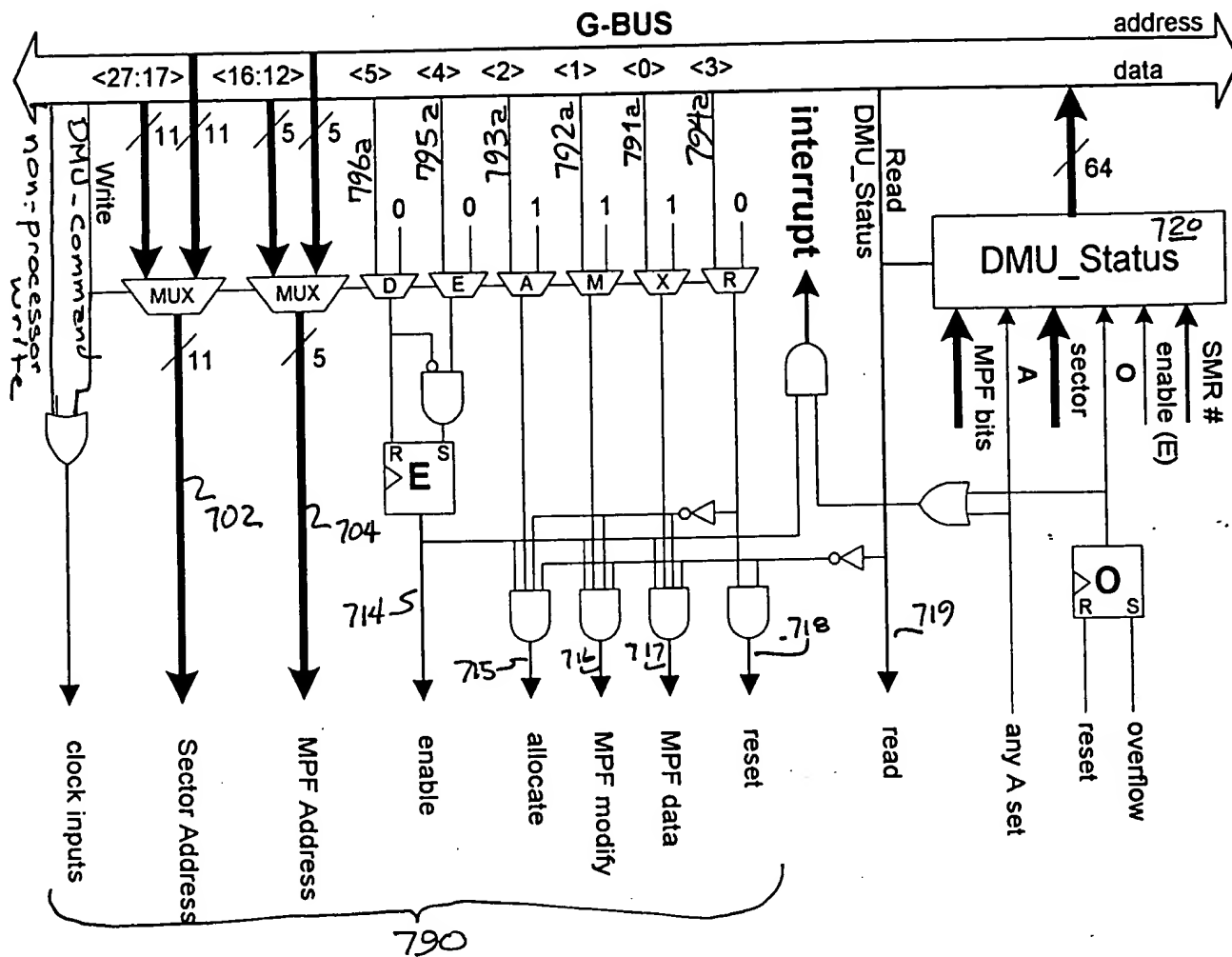


FIGURE 7b DMU interface

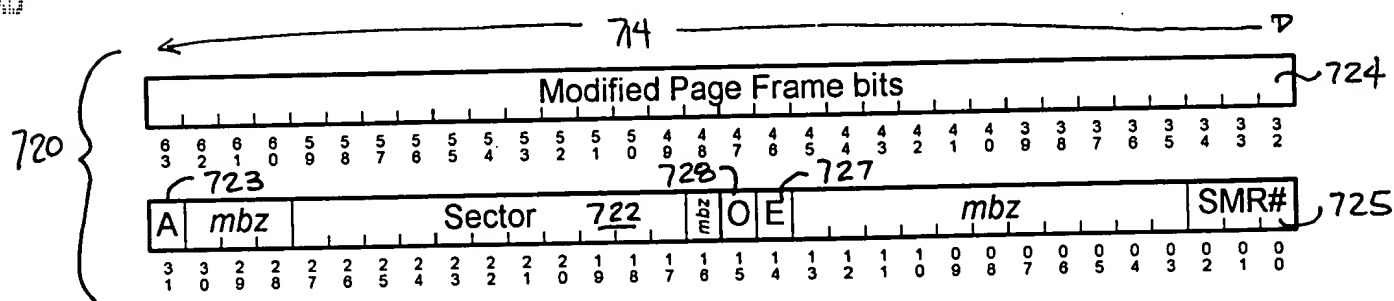


FIGURE 7c The 64-bit DMU Status register

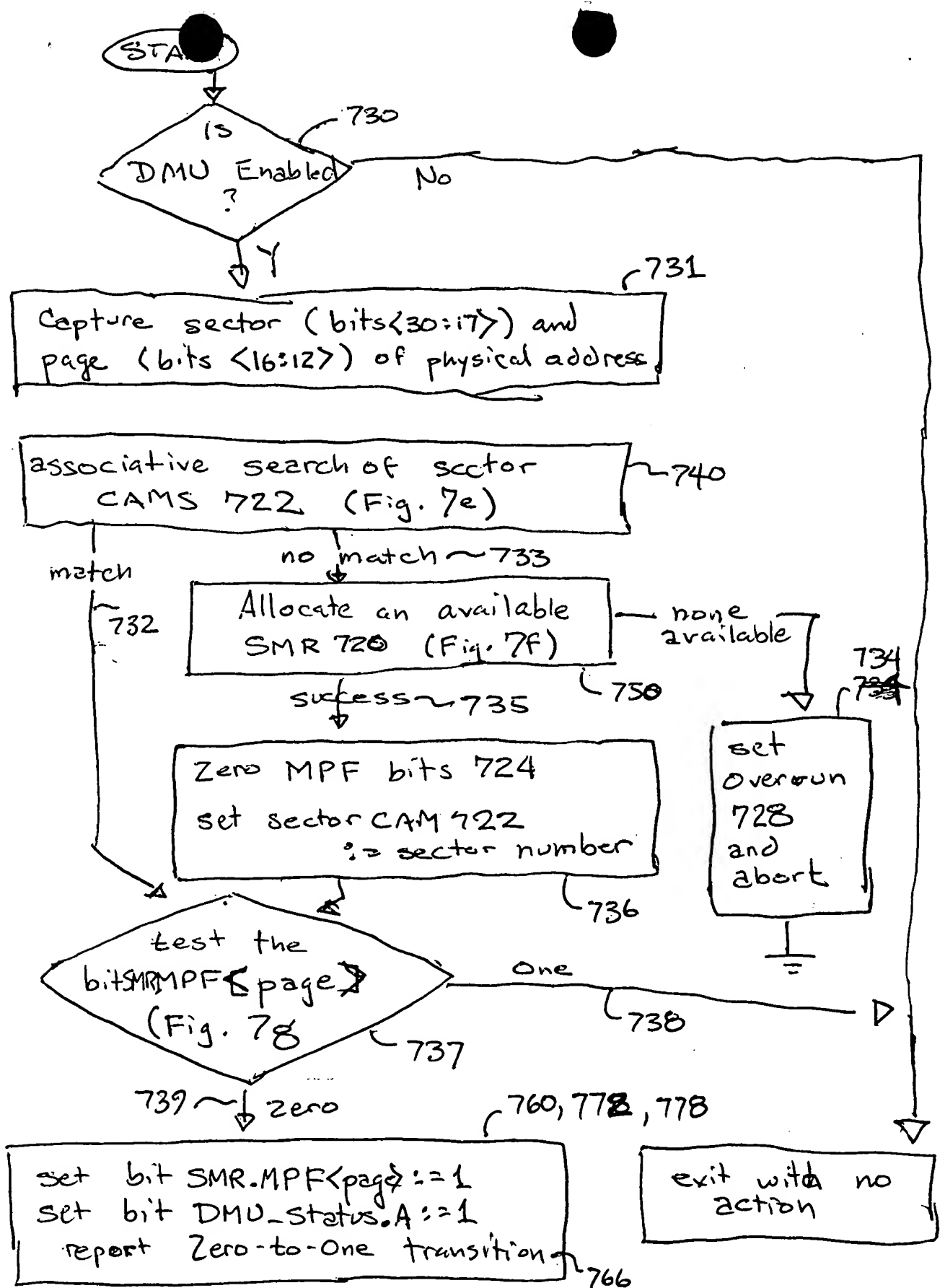


Fig. 7d



620300-14282260

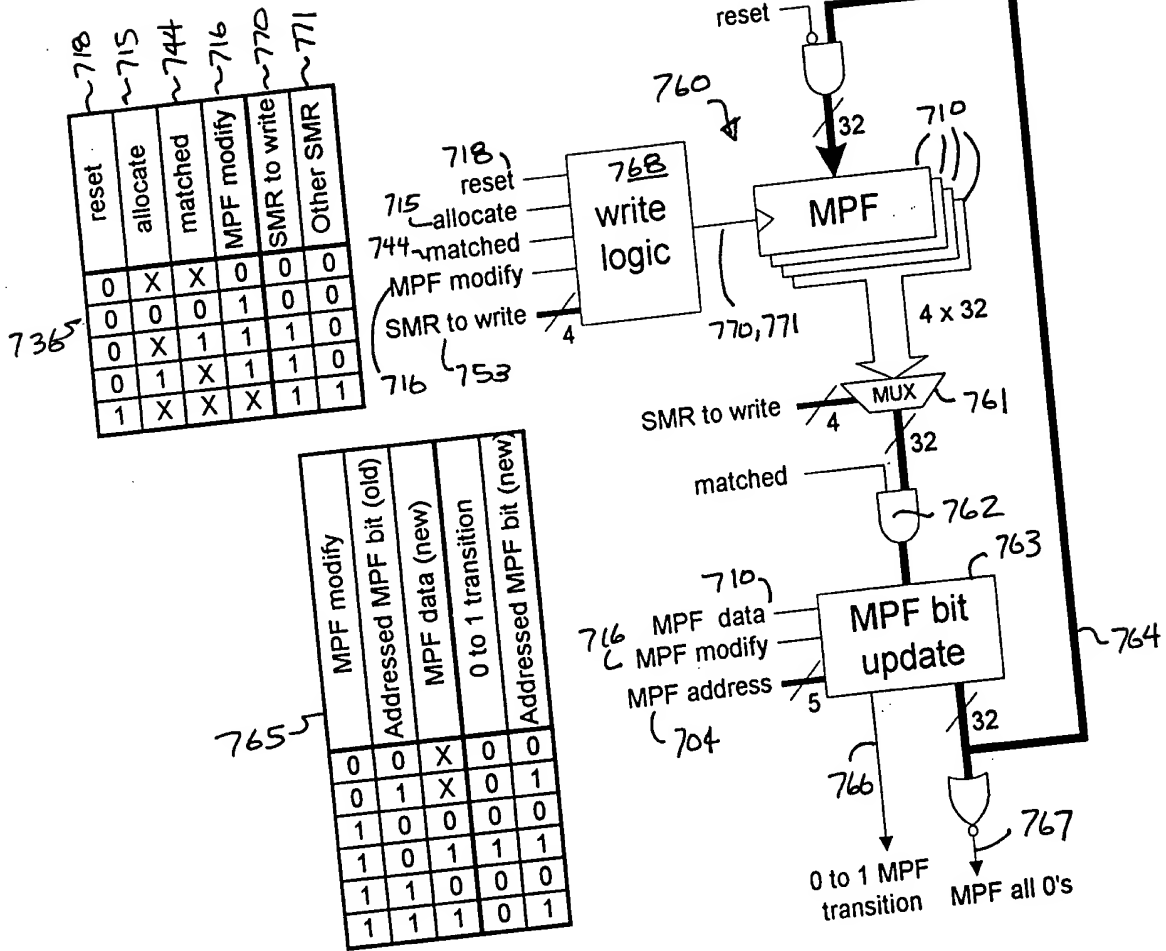


FIGURE 7g MPF update logic

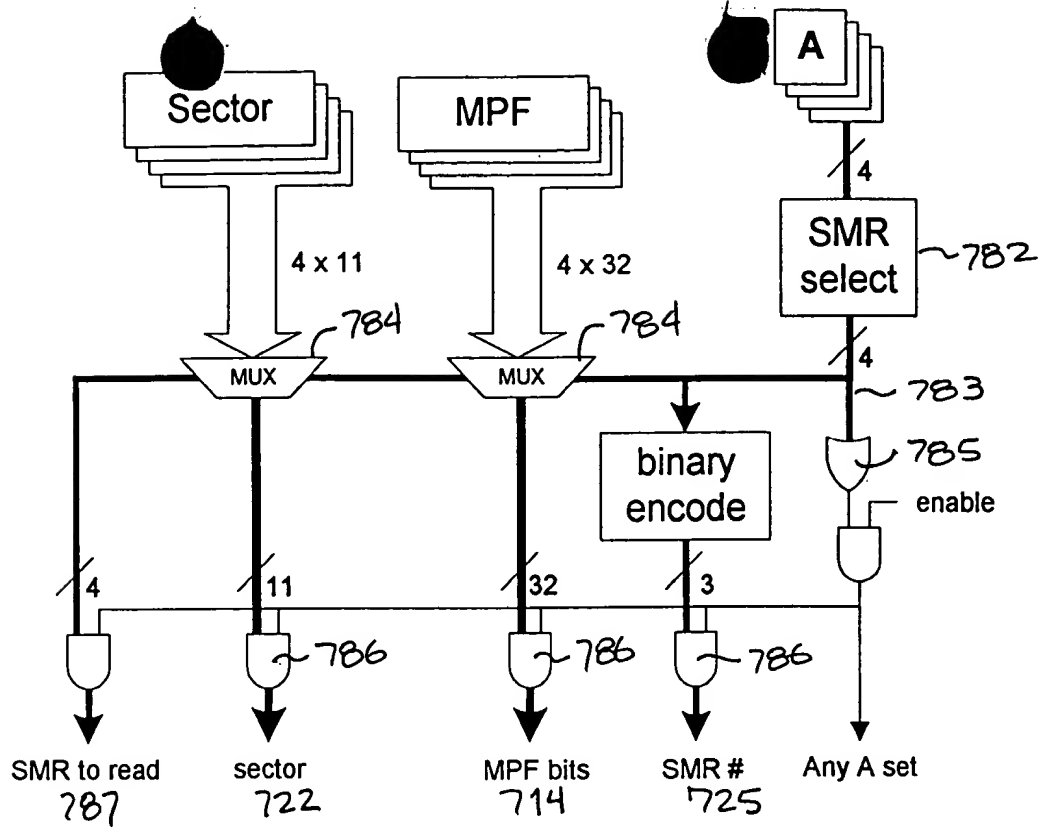


FIGURE 7h DMU\_Status read

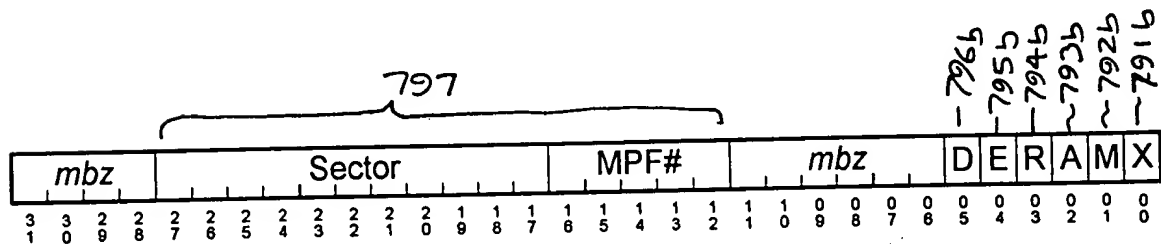
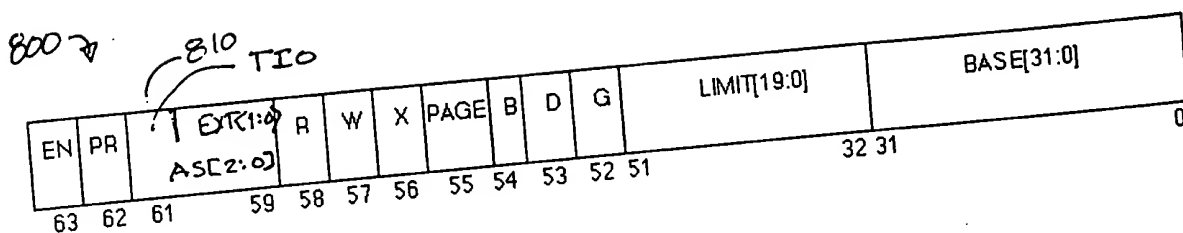


Fig. 7i

Command	Bit	Meaning
D	5	Disable monitoring of DMA writes by clearing the DMU Enable flag
E	4	Enable monitoring of DMA writes by setting the DMU Enable flag
R	3	Reset all SMRs: clear all A and MPF bits and clear the DMU Overrun flag
A	2	Allocate an inactive SMR on a failed search
M	1	Allow MPF modifications
X	0	New MPF bit value to record on successful search (or allocation)

Fig. 7j DMU Commands

M	X	Action
0	-	Inhibit modification of the MPF bit
1	0	Clear the corresponding MPF bit
1	1	Set the corresponding MPF bit



Size	Bit(s)	Name	Function
1	63	SEG.EN	enables segment limit/protection checking
1	62	SEG.PR	chooses which protection bits to use for page table protection - (0 means PSW.UK or 1 means MISC.UK)
3	61:59	SEG.AS	address space (only used when SEG.PAGE is 0)
		<del>SEG.TIO</del> SEG.EXT	address space extension (only used when SEG.PAGE is 1)
3	58:56	SEG.RWX	read/write/execute '1' means enabled - all 000 means it's an invalid segment
1	55	SEG.PAGE	enables the paging system -- (translation and checking)
1	54	SEG.B	segment size (1 means 32-bit, 0 means 16-bit)
1	53	SEG.D	segment direction (0 means expand up)
1	52	SEG.G	size of limit (1 means it's in 4k pages)
20	51:32	SEG.LIMIT	segment limit
32	31:0	SEG.BASE	segment base

Fig. 82

At code generation time:

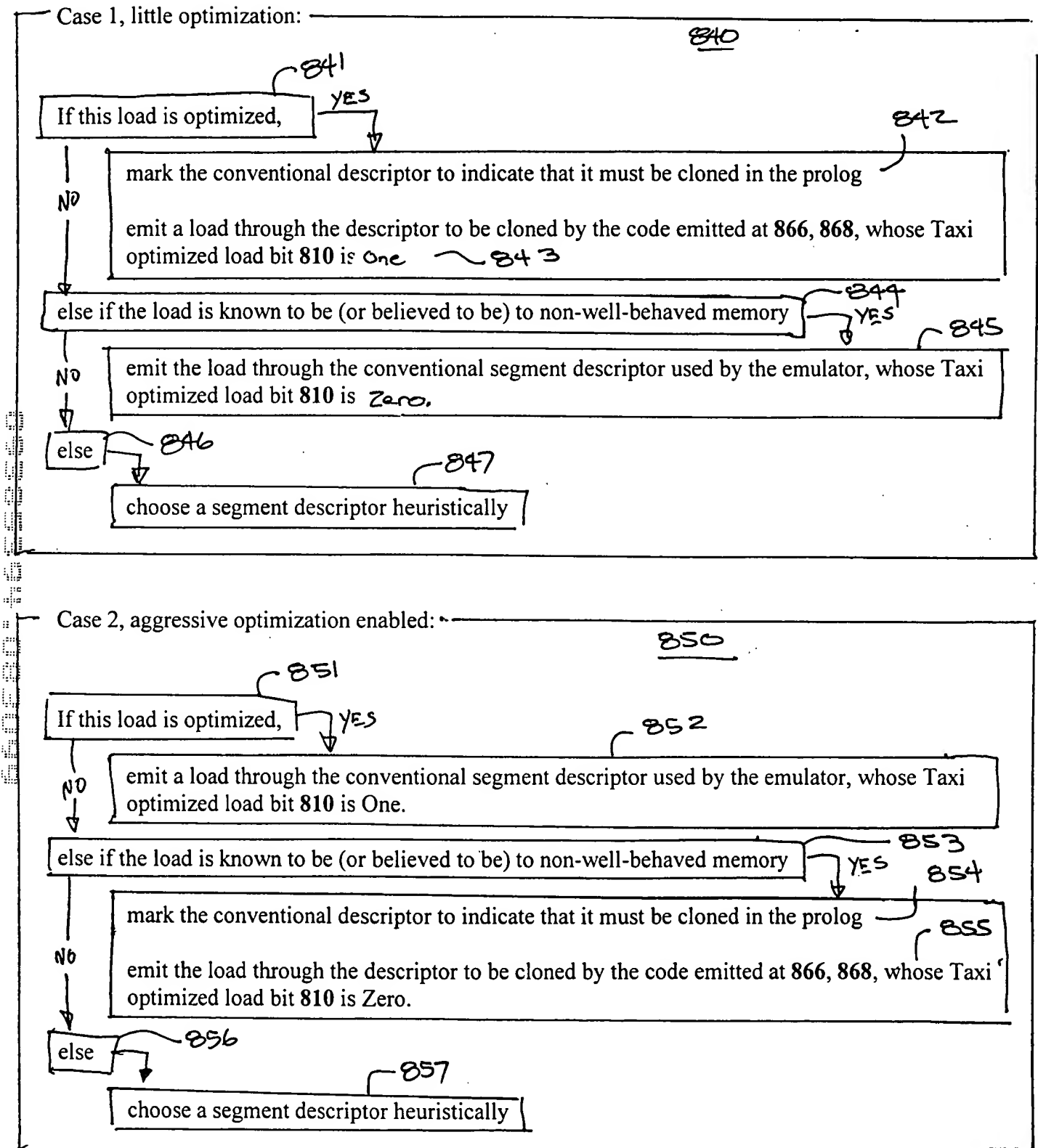


Fig. 8b



TAXi code prolog generation by TAXi translator

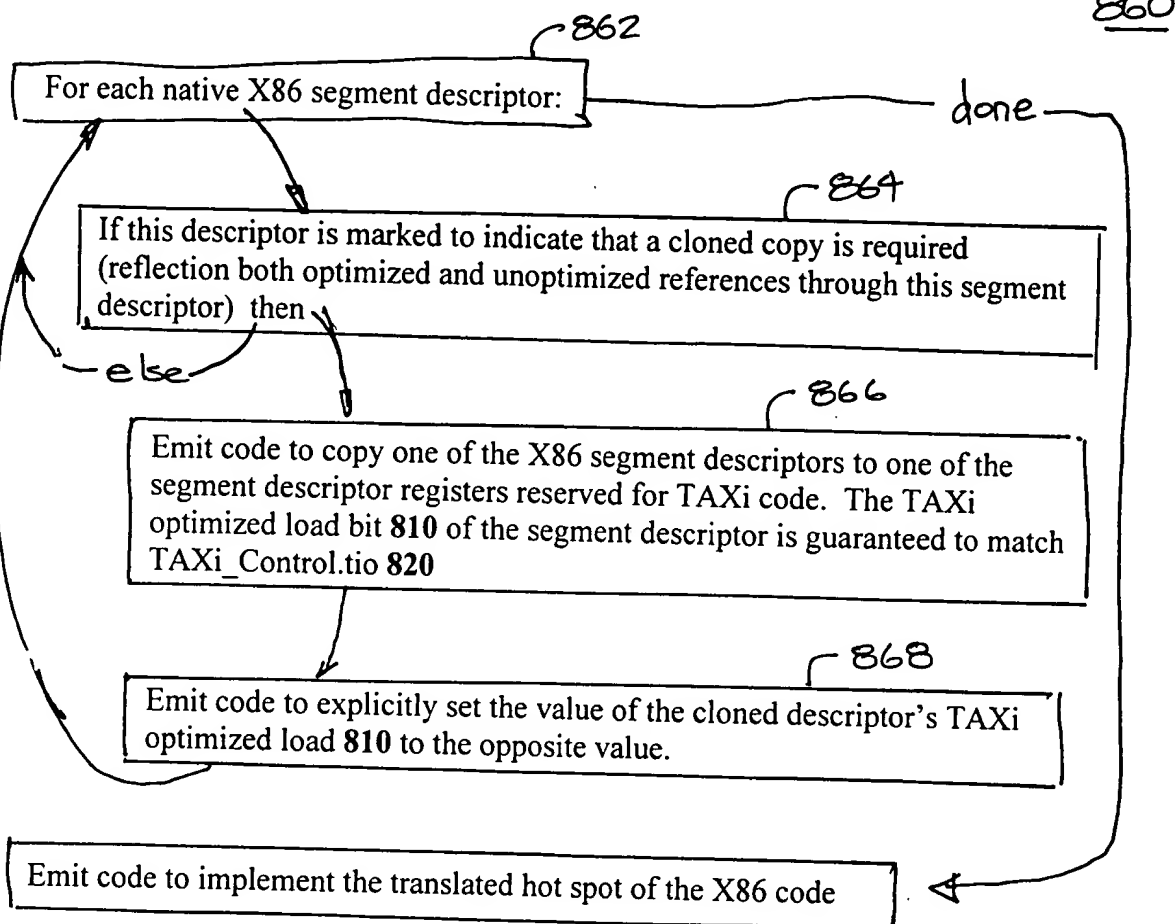


Fig. 8c